

SzW Round 25 – ACCESS TO INFORMATION

In this call round, we are going to discuss about issues of access to information. I would also like to remind you that the survey is conducted by Ipsos on behalf of Twaweza and the answers you provide will remain confidential. / **Katika awamu hii ya mahojiano tutaenda kuzungumzia masuala ya upatikanaji wa taarifa. Ningependa kukukumbusha kuwa huu utafiti unafanywa na Ipsos kwa niaba ya Twaweza na majibu utakayotoa yatabaki ya usiri.**

<p>Q1) When was the last time you visited a (INSERT FACILITY) or had an official interaction with a representative from (INSERT FACILITY)? To seek information/Je, ni lini ilikuwa mara ya mwisho kutembelea (ingiza kituo) au kuonana/kuwasiliana rasmi na mwakilishi kutoka (ingiza kituo) kwa mujibu wa kupata taarifa?</p> <p>1. Within the last 7 days/Ndani ya siku 7 zilizopita</p> <p>2. Between week and a month ago/Kati ya wiki na mwezi moja uliopita</p> <p>3. Btw a Month and 3 Months/Kati ya mwezi na miezi 3</p> <p>4. More than 3 month ago/Zaidi ya miezi 3 iliyopita</p> <p>5. Never → skip to next row, if last skip to q8/Kamwe→Enda hadi safu ifuatayo, iwapo ni ya mwisho ruka hadi swali 8</p> <p>-888 Refuse to answer → skip to next row, if last skip to q8+0/Kukataa kujibui→Enda hadi safu ifuatayo, iwapo ni</p>	<p>Q2) What type of information did you ask for? DON'T READ OUT/Je, ni aina gani ya taarifa uliulizia? Usisome</p> <p>1. Information about the facility's resources (e.g. salaries, money, equipment, contract, budget, planning)/Taarifa kuhusu rasiliamali ya kituo (km mishahara, vifaa, mikataba, bugeti, mipango)</p> <p>2. Information about the facility's services (e.g. opening hours, medical advice) → SKIP TO Q9/Taarifa kuhusu huduma za kituo(km muda wa kufungua, ushauri wa kiafya) → nenda hadi swali 9</p> <p>3. information about something else → SKIP TO Q9/Taarifa kuhusu jambo jingine→enda hadi swali 8</p> <p>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</p> <p>-999 Don't know/Sijui</p>	<p>Q3) Were you given that information? /Je, ulipewa taarifa hiyo?</p> <p>1. Yes; complete/Ndiyo; kwa undani</p> <p>2. Yes; partial/ Ndiyo; ndiyo kwa juu juu</p> <p>3. No → SKIP TO Q7/Hapana →NENDA HADI SWALI 7</p>	<p>Q4) Was it difficult or easy for you to get the information? /Je, ilikuwa vigumu au rahisi kupata taarifa hiyo?</p> <p>1. Very easy/Rahisi sana</p> <p>2.Somewhat easy/Rahisi kiasi</p> <p>3. Somewhat hard/Vigumu kwa kiasi fulani</p> <p>4. Very hard/Vigumu sana</p> <p>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</p> <p>-999 Don't know/Sijui</p>	<p>Q5) How many visits or calls to the facility were required to obtain the information? / Je, ni ziara ngapi au simu ziliitajika ili kupata taarifa/huduma?</p> <p>ENTER NUMBER/INGIZA IDADI</p>	<p>Q6) Did you give or were you asked for money for the information you asked/wanted?/ Je ulitoa pesa ama uliombwa pesa ili kupata taarifa uliyouliza/uliyohitaji?</p> <p>1=Yes, asked for money/ Ndiyo, niliombwa pesa</p> <p>2=Yes, gave money/ Ndiyo, nilitoa pesa</p> <p>3=No/ Hapana</p> <p>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</p> <p>-999 Don't know/ Sijui</p>	<p>Q7). (SAID NO IN Q3) What was the reason for denial? Kwa nini hukupewa taarifa uliomba?</p>
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	<p>ya mwisho ruka hadi swali 8</p> <p>-999 Don't know → skip to next row, if last skip to q8/sijui → Enda hadi safu ifuatayo, iwapo ni ya mwisho ruka hadi swali 8</p>						
Public Health facility/Kituo cha afya cha umma							
Public Primary/ Secondary school/shule za msingi/sekondari za umma							
Water Supplier/Wasambazaji wa maji							
Village / Street Offices/ofisi ya kijiji/mtaa							
Any political party's office or representative/Ofisi ya chama cha kisiasa/mwakilishi							
Any government office/ministry/parastatal/ Ofisi yoyote ya serikali/wizara/shirika la umma							
Other public institutions/organizations ie public registered company; NGOs/ Taasisi za umma/mashirika kama vile kampuni za umma zilizosajiliwa; mashirika yasiyo ya kiserikali							
Government/public website/ Tovuti ya serikali/umma							

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8.	a. Do you have the following documents..?/ Je, una vitu vifuatavyo? 1=Yes/Ndiyo >>>endelea 2=No/Hapana >>>8d -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/ Sijui	b. How long did it take you to get the ...?/ Je, ilikuchuku a muda gani mpaka kupata?	c. Did you have to pay <u>an official fee</u> to get it..?/ Je, ulitakiwa kulipia <u>malipo halali</u> ili kupata...? 1=Yes/Ndiyo 2=No/Hapana -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/Sijui ANSWER AND SKIP TO Q9	d. Did you <u>have to pay an unofficial fee to fast track the process of getting (...)?</u> / Je, ulilipia <u>malipo yasiyo halali ili kuharakisha mchakato wa kupata (...)?</u> 1=Yes/Ndiyo 2=No/Hapana -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/ Sijui	e. (SAID NO IN Q8a) Have you ever filed an application to get the?/ Je, umewahi kutuma maombi ili uweze kupata? 1=Yes/Ndiyo >>> Continue 2=No/Hapana >>>Q8gf -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/Sijui	f. Why have you not be able to get it? mbona hujafanikiwa kupata.....?	g. (SAID NO IN Q8e) Why have you not ever filed an application to get?/ mbona hujawahi kutuma maombi kupata...? 1=Yes/Ndiyo >>> 8d 2=No/Hapana >>>Q8e -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/Sijui
1. Birth certificate/cheti cha kuzaliwa							
2. Passport/pasipoti/ <u>hati ya kusafiria</u>							
3. National identity card/kitambulisho cha taifa							
4. Driver's licence/leseni ya gari							
5. Voter's card/kitambulisho cha kupiga kura							

9. If you were to request for information or public documents from a government office, which main way would you use?/ **Kama ungehitaji kuomba taarifa au nyaraka za umma kutoka kwenye ofisi ya serikali, ni njia gani kuu ungeitumia?**

- 1=Physical visit/ **Kuitembelea ofisi**
- 2=By phone/ **Nitapiga simu**
- 3=Via fax/ **Nitatuma faksi**
- 4=Online (visit their website)/ **Kwa mtandao (nitatemelea tovuti yao)**
- 5=By email/ **Barua pepe**
- 6= By postal mail/ **Kwa njia ya posta**
- 7=**Social media/ Mtandao wa kijamii mf facebook,tweeter,facebook**
- 777 Others specify/ **Nyingine elezea**
- 888 Refused to answer/ **Amekataa kujibu**
- 999 Don't know/ **Sijui**

10. Let's now talk about media, which media is your main source of information?/ **Sasa tuongea kuhusu vyombo vya habari, je, ni chombo kipi cha habari ni chanzo chako kikuu cha taarifa?**

- 1=Radio/ **Redio**
- 2=Television/ **Runinga**
- 3=Newspapers/ **Magazeti**
- 4=Magazines/ **Majarida**
- 5=Pamphlets/Fliers/ **Vipeperushi**
- 6=Internet/ **Mtandao**
- 7=Social Media (facebook,Instagram,whatsapp)/ **Mitandao ya kijamii**
- 8=Word of mouth/ **Maneno kutoka kwa watu**
- 9=Meetings or gatherings/ **Mikutano au mikusanyiko**
- 777 Others specify/ **Nyingine fafaua**
- 888 Refused to answer/ **Amekataa kujibu**
- 999 Don't know/ **Sijui**

11. I am going to read to you sources of information and I would like you to tell me how much you trust the information obtained from each source./ **Nitakusomea vyanzo vya habari/taarifa na ningependa uniambie kiasi ambacho unaamini taarifa kutoka kwenye kila chanzo**

	1=Trust completely/ Nakiamini Sana 2= Trust somewhat/ Nakiamini kiasi 3= Neither trust it nor not trust it/ Kuamini au kutoamini (niko katikati) 4= Somewhat distrust it/ Sikiamini kiasi 5= Completely distrust it/ Sikiamini kabisa 6=NA -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/ Sijui
a) what you read in the newspapers/ Habari unayoisoma kwenye gazeti	
b) what you hear on the radio/ Habari unayoisikia kwenye redio	
c) what you see on TV/ Habari unayoiona kwenye Runinga	
d) what you read on social media such as whatsapp, instagram, facebook/ Habari unazozisoma kwenye mitandao ya kijamii kama vile whatapp, instagram,	

facebook	
e) What you hear during a public meeting or forum/ Habari unayoisikia kwenye mikutano ya umma au kwenye majukwaa	
f) what a close family member; relative; friend; neighbor or work mate tells you (word of mouth)/ Habari unayoipata kutoka kwa mtu wa karibu na familia yako, jamaa, rafiki, jirani, mfanyakazi mwenzako (maneno ya watu)	

12. I am going to read groups and/or prominent people, I would like you to tell me how much you trust the information coming from them./ Nitakusome vikundi na watu maarufu, ningependa unieleze ni kwa kiasi gani unaamini taarifa zinazotoka kwao?

	<p>1=Trust a lot / Naamini Sana 2=Somewhat trust it/Naamini kiasisomewhat distrust it/ Naamini/siaamini kiasi (niko katikati) 3=Neither trust nor distrust/ Naamini au siamini 4=Somewhat distrust it/ Siamini kiasi 5= Don't distrust at all/ Sikiamini hata kidogo 4=Don't know 65. NA/Sijawahi kusikia -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/ Sijui</p>
a)any member/supporter of Ruling party (CCM): mfuasi/mwana chama wa Chama tawala (CCM)	
b) any member/supporter of Opposition parties/ mfuasi/mwana chama wa Chama cha upinzani	
c) Any MP from CCM/ Mbunge yeyote wa chama tawala	
d) Any MP from opposition party /Mbunge yeyote wa chama cha upinzani	
e) President/ Rais	
f) Prime minister /Waziri mkuu	
g) Local councilor/ diwani	
h). Village or Street chairman/ Mwenyekiti wa kijiji au mtaa	
D) any government official /afisa yeyote wa serikali	
j) Regional commissioner/ Mkuu wa mkoa	

13. How free are you to criticize information or statements provided by the following individuals or institutions?/ Je, una uhuru wa kiasi gani kukosoa taarifa au matamko zinayotolewa na watu au taasisi zifuatazo?

	<p>1=Completely Free/ Huru kabisa 2=Somewhat free/ Huru kiasi 3=Neither free nor not free/ Niko huru au siko huru 43=Somewhat Not free/ Siko huru kiasi 5=Not free at all/ Siko huru kabisa</p>
1. Government institution/ Taasisi za serikali	

2. Minister/ Waziri	
3. Prime minister/ Waziri mkuu	
4. Vice president/ Makamu wa raisi	
5. President/ Raisi	
6. Regional commissioner/ Mkuu wa mkoa	
7. District commissioner/ Mkuu wa wilaya	
8. Member of parliament for your constituency/ Mbunge wa jimbo lako	
9. Local councilor/ diwani	
10. Village or Street chairman/ Mwenyekiti wa kijiji au mtaa	
11. A leader from opposition party/ <u>Kiongozi wa upinzani</u>	

14a. Do you personally know or have heard of any incident/s of wrong doing or corruption in your community/area? (**INCIDENT HAS TO BE FROM RESPONDENT AREA OR COMMUNITY NOT ABOUT RANDOM PEOPLE IN TV; RADIO OR NEWSPAPER OR SOCIAL MEDIA**)/ Je unafahamu ama umewahi kusikia tukio lolote baya ama rushwa kutoka kwenye jamii yako/eneo unaloishi? (**ANGALIZO;- TUKIO HILO NI LAZIMA LIWE LIMETOKEA KATIKA ENEO AMA JAMII ANAYOISHI MHSIKA NA SI KUTOKA KWENYE RUNINGA, RADIO , GAZETI AMA MITANDAO YA KIJAMII.**)

1=Yes/Ndiyo>>>>>continue/endelea

2=No/Hapana>>>>>skip to Q14d/Nenda Q14d

-888 Refused to answer/Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know/ Sijui

14b. Was that incident of wrong doing/corruption reported to the relevant authorities?/ Je kitendo hicho kiovu/cha rushwa kiliwasilishwa/shtakiwa kwa mamlaka husika?

1=Yes/Ndiyo>>>>> skip to Q14d/Nenda Q14d

2=No/ Hapana>>>>> continue/endelea

-888 Refused to answer/Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know/ Sijui

14c. Why do you think it was not reported? / Kwanini unadhani taarifa hazikutolewa?

1= It will not change anything/ Haitabadili kitu chochote

2= It is dangerous/I am worried/ Ni hatari/Naogopa /

3= It is not my/their responsibility/ Siyo wajibu wangu/wao /

4= There is no one I trust enough to report it to/ Hakuna ninayemwamini wa kumpa taarifa.

5= They would not know how/where to report/ Hawajui namna/wapi pa kutoa taarifa/

-777 Others specify/ Nyingine, elezea

-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know/ Sijui

14d. What do you think the government/police should do to encourage people to report any wrong doing/corruption incidents which take place in your community/area/country?/ Je unadhani serikali/ polisi wafanye nini ilikuhamasisha watu waetoe taarifa za vitendo viovu/rushwa vinavyotokea kwenye jamii/eneo/nchi yako?.....

14e. sometimes ordinary citizens have information of corruption or wrongdoing. If you had such information, how likely do you think it is that you would report it? Wakati mwingine wananchi wa kawaida wana kuwa na taarifa juu ya ufasadi au matendo maovu. Iwapo ungekuwa na taarifa kama hizo, je, unadhani kuna uwezekano ungetoa taarifa hiyo?

1. Very likely/ [Uwezekano zaidi mkumbwa](#)
 2. Somewhat likely/not unlikely/ [Kwa kiasi flani kuna uwezekano](#)/Kwa kiasi flani hakuna uwezekano (ni katikati)
 3. Not likely at all/ [Hakuna uwezekano kabisa](#)
- ~~-999~~ - Don't know/ [sijui](#)
~~-888~~ - Refuse to answer/ [Amekataa Amekataa kujibu](#)

14f. **only those who coded 3- not likely in Q14e.** Why do you say so, provide details?/ Waliojibu [hakuna uwezekano](#) katika Q14e. Kwa nini unasema hivyo, fafania kwa kina?

15. I will now read for you a few statements, please tell me if you agree or disagree with them? Nitakusomea matamshi kadhaa, naomba uniambie kama unakubaliana au hukubaliani nayo

	<p>1=Agree/Nakubalina 2=Neither agree nor disagree/ Nakubaliana au sikubaliani 3=Disagree/Sikubaliani -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/ Sijui</p>
1. a citizen should be free to criticize his/her MP for being lazy and not caring about their constituent. Mwananchi anatakiwa awe na uhuru wakumkosoa Mbunge wake kwakua mvivu na kutojali Jimbo lakewapiga kura wake.	
2. a citizen should be free to criticize the president of for not listening to advice and making bad decisions. Mwananchi anatakiwa awe na uhuru wakumkosoa Rais kwakutosikiliza maoni/ushauri na kufanya maamuzi mabaya.	
4. - a citizen should be free to call supporters of any political party fools and loafers (malofa na wapumbavu). Mwananchi anatakiwa awe na uhuru wakuwaita wafuasi/wanachama wa chama fulani cha siasa malofa na wapumbavu.	
5. - a citizen should be free to criticize a decision made by the government if they believe it is bad. Mwananchi anatakiwa awe na uhuru wakukosoa uamuzi wa serikali kama anaamini ni uamuzi mbaya.	

16. Now I will ask you about your awareness with regards to several acts concerning information and communication that have been passed by the parliament in the past two years./ Sasa [ningependa kukuuliza kuhusu ufahamu wako wa sheria mbalimbali za masuala ya taarifa na mawasiliano zilizopitishwa na bunge ndani ya miaka miwili iliyopita?](#)

	a) Are you aware of?/ Je, unafahamu kuhusu? 1=Yes/ Ndiyo >>>Continue/ Endelea 2=No/ Hapana >>> Skip to the next one/ Nenda kwa inayofuata -888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu -999 Don't know/ Sijui	b) How well do you think the government is implementing this law/ Je, ni kwa kiasi gani serikali inatekeleza hii sheria? 1=Very well/ Vizuri sana 2=Neither well nor not well/ Vizuri au sio vizuri 3=Not well/ Sio vizuri	c) Why do you say so?/ Kwa nini wasema hivyo
1.Access to information Act/ Sheria ya upatikanaji wa taarifa			
2. Media services Act/ Sheria inayongoza vyombo vya habari			
3.Cybercrime Act/ Sheria ya makosa ya kimtandao			
4.Statistics Act/ Sheria ya takwimu			

17. If aware of cybercrime law at Q16. Have you personally, or someone you know or you know/heard of someone (not necessary personal) been taken to court due to breaking the cybercrime law?/ **Anafahamu sheria ya makosa ya kimtandao katika swali la 16;-** Je wewe au mtu unayemfahamu binafsi au unajua/umesikia mtu yeyote yule (sio lazima unamfahamu binafsi) ameshitakiwa kwa kuvunja sheria za makosa ya kimtandao?

	Personally (self)/ Wewe		Someone I know/ Mtu ninayemfahamu		Know/heard of someone Nimesia	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	NO
2.Cybercrime Act/ Sheria ya makosa ya kimtandao						

SKIP NOTE FOR Q17

1=Yes/**Ndiyo** >>>Q17a

2=No/**Hapana** >>>Q18

-888 Refused to answer/ **Amekataa kujibu**

-999 Don't know/**Sijui**

17a. What kind of an act did you or someone you know or someone you have heard of/ know of committed to be taken to court under the cybercrime law?/ **Je, wewe au huyo mtu unayemfahamu, au mtu ulimsikia alifanya nini mpaka kupelekea kushitakiwa kwa sheria ya makosa ya kimtandao?**

	Personally (self)/ Wewe	Someone I know/ Mtu ninayemfahamu	Know/heard of someone Nimesia

2.Cybercrime Act/ Sheria ya makosa ya kimtandao			
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18.- I will read to you some statements, please tell me what action do you think should be taken; Single response only? Nitakusomea matamshi kadhaa, naomba uniambie ni hatua/kitu gani kifanyike au kichukuliwe?

	Single response. No read out; multiple response allowed
1. a citizen sends a message to friends on phone or write on their social media page, criticizing her/his MP of being lazy and not caring about their constituents/ mwananchi akituma ujumbe wa simu kwa rafiki zake au akiandika ujumbe kwa ukurasa wake wa <u>kwenye</u> mtandao wa jamii kumkosoa Mbunge wake kwakua mvivu na kutojali Jimbo lake.	<p>1. No action against any person/ Hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mtu yeyote</p> <p>2. Action taken against writer/sender/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mwandishi / mtumaji</p> <p>3. Action taken against recipients/readers/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wapokeaji / wasomaji</p> <p>4. Action taken against those who shared/forward message to others/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wale ambao waliwatumia na kushirikisha wengine kwa ujumbe huo.</p> <p>5. Action taken to those who comments/respondents in supporting the message/hatua zilichukuliwa kwa wale ambao waliochangia au kushiriki katika kuunga mkono ujumbe</p> <p>36. Investigation and action against the issue raised/uchunguzi na hatua dhidi ya suala hilo lifanyike.</p> <p>-777- Other specify/Nyengine elezea</p> <p>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</p> <p>-999 Don't know/ Sijui</p>
2. a citizen sends a message to his/her friends on her phone or write on social media, criticizing the president of not listening to advice and making bad decisions/ mwananchi akituma ujumbe wa simu kwa rafiki zake au akiandika ujumbe kwa ukurasa wake wa mtandao wa jamii kumkosoa Rais kwakutosikiliza maoni/ushauri na kufanya maamuzi mabaya.	<p>1. No action against any person/ Hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mtu yeyote</p> <p>2. Action taken against writer/sender/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mwandishi / mtumaji</p> <p>3. Action taken against recipients/readers/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wapokeaji / wasomaji</p> <p>4. Action taken against those who shared/forward message to others/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wale ambao waliwatumia na kushirikisha wengine kwa ujumbe huo.</p> <p>5. Action taken to those who comments/respondents in supporting the message/hatua zilichukuliwa kwa wale</p>

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Commented [L1]: More explanation is needed for the respondents to understand the questions and provide the answers.

Commented [NN2R1]: Agreed. When the question is asked the responses provided are either an action should be taken against the individual or no action is taken. The respondents don't relate the action to either followers who comment or people who share the information. I am proposing that we add a question to create a scenario of all the players in the act to engage the peoples' perception on who should be punished for the act

	<p>ambao waliochangia au kushiriki katika kuunga mkono ujumbe</p> <p>36. Investigation and action against the issue raised/uchunguzi na hatua dhidi ya suala hilo lifanyike.</p> <p>-777- Other specify/Nyengine elezea</p> <p>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</p> <p>-999 Don't know/Sijui</p>
<p>3. a citizen send a message to his/her friends on her phone or write on social media, calling supporters of a particular political party fools and loafers (malofa na wapumbafu) mwananchi akituma ujumbe wa simu kwa rafiki zake au akiandika ujumbe kwa ukurasa wake wa mtando wa jamii amewaita wafuasi/wanachama wa chama fulani cha siasa malofa na wapumbavu.</p>	<p>1. No action against any person/ Hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mtu yeyote</p> <p>2. Action taken against writer/sender/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mwandishi / mtumaji</p> <p>3. Action taken against recipients/readers/ hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wapokeaji/ wasomaji</p> <p>4. Action taken against those who shared/forward message to others/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wale ambao waliwatumia na kushirikisha wengine kwa ujumbe huo.</p> <p>5. Action taken to those who comments/respondents in supporting the message/hatua zilichukuliwa kwa wale ambao waliochangia au kushiriki katika kuunga mkono ujumbe</p> <p>6. Other specify/Nyengine elezea</p> <p>3. Investigation and action against the issue raised/uchunguzi na hatua dhidi ya suala hilo lifanyike.</p> <p>-777 Others specify/Nyingine elezea</p> <p>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</p> <p>-999 Don't know/Sijui</p>
<p>4. a citizen send a message to his/her friends on her phone or write on social media, criticizing a decision made by the government if they believe its bad/ mwananchi akituma ujumbe wa simu kwa rafiki zake au akiandika ujumbe kwa ukurasa wake wa mtando wa jamii wakukosoa uamulizi wa serikali kama anaamini ni mbaya.</p>	<p>1. No action against any person/ Hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mtu yeyote</p> <p>2. Action taken against writer/sender/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya mwandishi / mtumaji</p> <p>3. Action taken against recipients/readers/ hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wapokeaji/ wasomaji</p> <p>4. Action taken against those who shared/forward message to others/hatua zilizochukuliwa dhidi ya wale ambao waliwatumia na kushirikisha wengine kwa ujumbe huo.</p> <p>5. Action taken to those who comments/respondents in supporting the message/hatua zilichukuliwa kwa wale ambao waliochangia au kushiriki katika kuunga mkono ujumbe</p> <p>36. Investigation and action against the</p>

	<p>issue raised/uchunguzi na hatua dhidi ya suala hilo lifanyiike.</p> <p><u>-777 Others specify/Nyingine elezea</u></p> <p><u>-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu</u></p> <p><u>-999 Don't know/Sijui 7-Other specify/Nyingine elezea</u></p>
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19. When a message is shared among the people through an sms or on social media, there are several individuals involved; the sender, the recipient or reader, the people who share or forward the message and the individuals who comment in support of the message. If the shared message is considered to break the cybercrime law, in your opinion an action should be taken against which individual? **Multiple response allowed/** Kama ujumbe wa maneno ukitumwa baina ya watu kwa kupitia ujumbe mfupi wa maneno au mitandao ya kijamii, kuna aina za watu mbalimbali wanaohusika; mtumaji au muandishi, mpokeaji au msomaji, watu wanaosambaza au kushirikisha wengine na watu wanaotoa maoni ili kuunga mkono hoja ya ujumbe. Kama ujumbe ukijulikana kuwa umevunja sheria ya makosa ya kimtandao, kwa maoni yako unafikiri hatua zichukuliwe dhidi ya nani? (**Majibu mengi yanaruhusiwa**)

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1= The sender/writer of the message/ Mtumaji au mwandishi wa ujumbe
2=The recipient/readers/ Wanaopokea au wanaosoma ujumbe
3=The individuals who share/ forward the message/ Watu wanaosambaza au kushirikisha wengine
4=The individuals who comment in support of the message/ Watu wanaochangia maoni yao ili kuunga mkono hoja ya ujumbe

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-777 Others specify/ Nyingine fafaua
-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu
-999 Don't know/ Sijui

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20. Are you a social media user eg whatsapp, Instagram, facebook, snapchat etc?/ Je wewe ni mtumiaji wa mitandao ya kijamii mfano whatsapp, Instagram, facebook, snapchat nk?

1=Yes
2=No
-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu
-999 Don't know/ Sijui

21. I am going to read to you a pair of statements, for each pair tell me the one you agree with the most./ Nitaenda kukusomea jozi za maelezo na kwa kila jozi niambie ambayo unakubaliana nayo zaidi.

Statement 1/ Elezo la Kwanza	Statement 2/ Elezo la pili
a. People should not be allowed to criticize the President and other national leaders because it damages the country's reputation and undermines their authority/ watu wasiruhusiwe kumkosoa Rais na viongozi wengine wa taifa kwa sababu inaharibu sifa ya nchi na kudhoofisha mamlaka yao	People should be allowed to criticize the President and other national leaders since it helps the government correct any mistakes quickly and makes the country stronger wananchi waruhusiwe kumkosoa Rais na viongozi wengine wa taifa kwa sababu inasaidia serikali kurekebisha makosa yoyote haraka and kufanya nchi kuwa imara
b. If the government wants to shut down or punish a newspaper for reporting something they deem to be offensive, government should justify their decision in court./ Kama serikali inataka kufunga au kuadhibu gazeti kwa ku chapisha taarifa/makala ya kitu ambacho wanaona kuwa kibaya, serikali inapaswa kuhalalisha/kutetea uamuzi wao mahakamani	If a newspaper reports something the government deem to be offensive government should shut or punished them without justifying their decision in court. Kama gazeti limechapisha taarifa/makala ya kitu ambacho serikali inaona kuwa kibaya, serikali ifunge au iadhibu gazeti hilo bila kuhalalisha/kutetea uamuzi wao mahakamani.
c. If a newspaper prints something factually incorrect,	If a newspaper prints something factually incorrect,

they should apologize and publish a correction./Kama gazeti limeandika kitu kisicho sahihi, wanapaswa kuomba msamaha na kuchapisha marekebisha	the newspaper should be shut down or fined/ Kama gazeti limeandika kitu kisicho sahihi, gazeti linapaswa kufungwa au kuadhibiwa
d. Criticism of leaders is a bad thing, it undermines respect and unity/ Kukosoa viongozi ni jambo baya, hudhoofisha heshima na umoja	Criticism of leaders is a good thing, it helps stop them from making big mistakes/Kukosoa viongozi ni jambo jema, husaidia kuwazuia kufanya makosa makubwa.

229. Sometimes people are asked by journalists to be interviewed for a news story they are preparing. Would you be comfortable being interviewed by a journalist (from newspapers/TV/radio)?/ Wakati mwingine watu wanaulizwa na wana habari kuhojiwa kuhusu habari wanazotayarisha. Je, unaweza kuwa huru kuhojiwa na mwanahabari (wa gazeti/televisheni/redio)?

1=Yes/Ndiyo >>> Continue/Endelea

2=No/ Hapana >>> [thanks respondent and close interview/Mshukuru mhojiwa halafu funga mahojianoQ23](#)

-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know/ Sijui

229a. If yes, would you be comfortable sharing your name in the interview with the journalist?/ Kama ndiyo, je utajisikia huru kumwambia mwanahabari jina lako?

1=Yes/Ndiyo

2=No /Hapana

-888 Refused to answer/ Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know/ Sijui

AS WE WRAP UP THE DISCUSSION I WOULD LIKE TO US TO SHIFT OUR DISCUSSION TOWARDS ISSUES TO DEAL WITH CONSTITUTION/ TUKIWA TUNAFUNGA MAHOJIANO YETU NINGEPENDA TUHAMISHIE MAZUNGUMZO YETU KWENDA MASUALA YA KATIBA

234a. The Constitution of Tanzania says elections for President should be held every five years. Recently, some people have been calling for the term to be extended to seven years. Do you think Presidential terms should be five years, or seven years? / Katiba ya Jamhuri ya Tanzania inasema uchaguzi wa Rais unatakiwa kufanyika kila baada ya miaka mitano. Hivi karibuni, wengine wamependekezwa muda huu uongezwe hadi miaka saba. Kwa maoni yako, muda wa Rais unapaswa kubaki miaka mitano au kuongezwa hadi miaka saba?

1=5 years / miaka 5

2=7 years / miaka 7

-777= other (specify)/ Nyengine elezea

-888 Refused to answer / Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know / Sijui

244b. The Constitution says a President can serve only for a maximum of two Presidential terms (currently ten years). Recently, some people have been calling for this limit to be scrapped. Do you think the current 2-term limit should remain in place, or be scrapped? / Katiba ya nchi inasema Rais haruhusiwi kukaa madarakani kwa zaidi ya vipindi viwili (yaani miaka kumi kwa ujumla). Hivi karibuni, wengine wamependeza mpaka huu uondolewe. Kwa maoni yako, mipaka ya Rais kukaa madarakani kwa vipindi viwili / miaka kumi inapaswa kubaki au kuondolewa?

1=Remain as two terms (or ten years) / ibaki kuwa vipindi viwili (au miaka kumi)

2=The limit should be scrapped / mpaka huu uondolewe

-777= other (specify)/ Nyengine elezea

-888 Refused to answer / Amekataa kujibu

-999 Don't know / Sijui

THANKS [THE RESPONDENTS](#) AND CLOSE INTERVIEW [/MSHUKURU MHOJIWA NA FUNGA MAHOJIANO](#)