# ARE OUR CHILDREN LEARNING?

### Literacy and Numeracy in Kenya

2014





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### CONTENTS



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### INTRODUCTION

HOW IS IT THAT DESPITE ALL THE INVESTMENT WE ARE MAKING, AND WITH HIGHER ENROLMENT, BETTER ATTENDANCE AND MORE TEACHERS, LEARNING OUTCOMES ARE NOT IMPROVING?

John Mugo<sup>1</sup>



his is Uwezo's fourth learning assessment report for Kenya. The findings presented in this report confirm that the question we asked when we began in 2009 is still relevant: Are Our Children Learnina? Results have remained static over the years, and this fourth round is no different. There is still no statistically significant improvement in learning outcomes: only 3 out of 10 children in Standard 3 can do Standard 2 work. On average, 1 out of 10 children in Kenyan primary schools are completing Standard 8 without having acquired the basic competencies of Standard 2.

It is not all bad news. Looking at school indicators, both pupil and teacher daily attendance appear to have improved, as well as the proportion of children enrolling in pre-school. However, geographical inequalities persist in favour of urban and more developed areas. The assessment was conducted fully in 155 of 158 districts<sup>2</sup>, covering a random sample of 4,521 Enumeration Areas and 62,089 households. A total of 135.109 children were assessed. In addition, surveys were conducted in 4,441 schools, capturing the basic indicators of the public primary schools in which most of the children in the sampled Enumeration Areas were enrolled. A total of 9,300 persons were identified, trained and engaged as Uwezo volunteers, who conducted the survey under supervision and oversight from 156 District Coordinators and 45 trainers. Data were entered in the Uwezo Data Centre in Nairobi, and cleaned and analyzed with support from various data experts.

The finalization of this report has coincided with the year 2015, when Kenya was meant to have achieved the Education for All (EFA) targets that were set in Dakar, Senegal in the year 2000. Of greatest interest to Uwezo is Goal Six, which promised 'Improving all aspects of the quality of education and ensuring excellence of all so that recognized and measurable learning outcomes are achieved by all, especially in literacy, numeracy and essential life skills.' The 2013 Uwezo assessment measured the ability of children to read and comprehend English and Kiswahili, as well as complete basic numeracy tasks, all pegged at the Standard 2 level and thus provides rich insight into progress towards the EFA goals.

<sup>1</sup> John Mugo is the Director of Data and Voice at Twaweza East Africa, and was the leader of the Uwezo Kenya team when the assessment was conducted in 2013.

<sup>2</sup> The assessment could not be conducted in Samburu North due to insecurity, while assessment in Nyeri South faced logistical problems. Though an assessment was conducted, data from Kirinyaga district was excluded because it could not meet all the data standards set for the Uwezo report. The findings in this report beg the question – how is it that despite all the investment we are making, and with higher enrolment, better attendance and more teachers, learning outcomes are not improving?

The answer to this lies with all of us. When considering our education system we focus on the more visible indicators around school facilities and infrastructure. the data on enrolment and attendance. But these indicators, while they speak to the learning environment and present important findings about our education system, do not relate directly to learning outcomes. And until we make what and whether our children learn the core focus and basis on which we set and implement policy, teach, choose schools and measure success, we will continue to see the same data year on year. In fact the poor results posted by our children may even come back and affect our success in increasing rates of enrolment.

To this end, we welcome three national interventions, announced early in 2015, that directly address the levels of basic literacy and numeracy. The *Tusome* program is a collaboration between the Research Triangle International and the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology (MoEST). This program seeks to improve reading among children in Standard 1 and 2, and features a new approach to teaching reading, increased teacher support and supervision, as well as improved learning environments. A related program by the same implementers, Tayari, seeks improvement in children's readiness to learn, working with pre-school children to enhance pre-literacy skills. A third national program brings in collaboration between the Global Partnership for Education and MoEST, with the aim of enhancing numeracy skills among

#### **SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

- Learning levels are static.
- More pupils and teachers are in school daily.
- The number of children out of school is increasing.
- Geographic and gender disparities persist.
- More children aged 3-5 years are enrolling in preschool.

children in Standard 1 and 2. These three programs are examples of the new investment now targeted at improving learning outcomes.

To complement the effort of MoEST and development partners, it is imperative that the role of parents, teachers and local communities in improving learning remain significant. The release of this report therefore renews our call to all citizens to play a role in improving learning. If each of us did one small thing where we are, all children in Kenya could both attend school and learn.

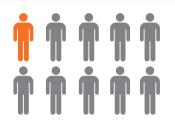
Ni mimi. Ni wewe. Ni sisi.

### UNEZO 2013 FIVE FACTS

#### FACT 1 LEARNING LEVELS ARE STATIC



NATIONALLY, ONLY 3 OUT OF 10 CHILDREN IN CLASS 3 CAN DO CLASS 2 WORK, THE SAME AS IN PREVIOUS YEARS.



ALTHOUGH 9 OUT OF 10 CLASS 8 CHILDREN CAN DO CLASS 2 LEVEL WORK, THIS STILL MEANS THAT 1 OUT OF EVERY 10 KENYAN CHILDREN ARE COMPLETING PRIMARY SCHOOL WITHOUT HAVING FULLY MASTERED CLASS 2 SKILLS.

#### FACT 2 MORE PUPILS AND TEACHERS ARE IN SCHOOL DAILY



PUPIL ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL ON THE DAY OF UWEZO'S VISIT IS HIGH, AT 91%.



GIRLS ATTEND SCHOOL MORE REGULARLY THAN BOYS, ESPECIALLY IN UPPER PRIMARY.



TEACHERS' DAILY ATTENDANCE IS ALSO HIGH, AT 88%.

#### FACT 3 THE NUMBER OF OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN IS INCREASING GRADUALLY



IN 2013, 10% OF CHILDREN AGED 6-13 WERE OUT OF SCHOOL.



SLIGHTLY MORE BOYS THAN GIRLS AGED 6-13 WERE OUT OF SCHOOL BUT THESE DIFFERENCES ARE UNLIKELY TO BE STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT.



MOST OF THE OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN WERE FOUND IN ARID COUNTIES SUCH AS BARINGO AND WEST POKOT, AND URBAN DISTRICTS WITH LARGE SLUM POPULATIONS, SUCH AS NAIROBI NORTH.

### FACT 4 GEOGRAPHIC DISPARITIES PERSIST



ARID DISTRICTS HAVE MUCH LOWER LEARNING LEVELS THAN URBAN AND AGRICULTURALLY RICH RURAL DISTRICTS FACT 5 MORE CHILDREN AGED 3-5 YEARS ARE ENROLLING IN PRE-SCHOOL



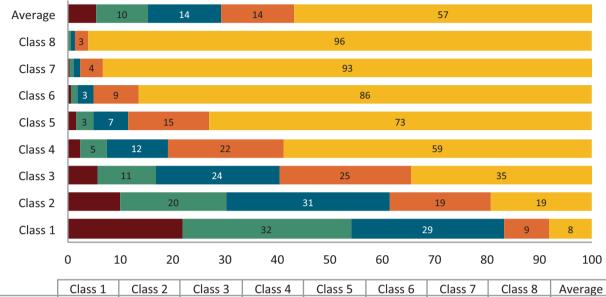
HOWEVER, 21% OF CHILDREN IN PRIMARY SCHOOL HAD NEVER ATTENDED PRE-SCHOOL.



54%

# KEY FINDINGS

### READING KISWAHILI 2013



				Class 4					Average
Nothing	22	10	6	2	2	1	0	0	6
Syllable	32	20	11	5	3	1	1	0	10
Word	29	31	24	12	7	3	1	1	14
Paragraph	9	19	25	22	15	9	4	3	14
Story	8	19	35	59	73	86	93	96	57

Fig 1: Children who can read Kiswahili by class (%)

ationally, just under 6 out of 10 children aged 6 to 16 can read a Class 2 Kiswahili story. Just over 2 out of 6 Class 3 children can read a Class 2 Kiswahili story while in the same class, 1 out of 6 cannot read a Kiswahili word. In Class 8, 4 out of 100 children cannot read a Class 2 Kiswahili story.

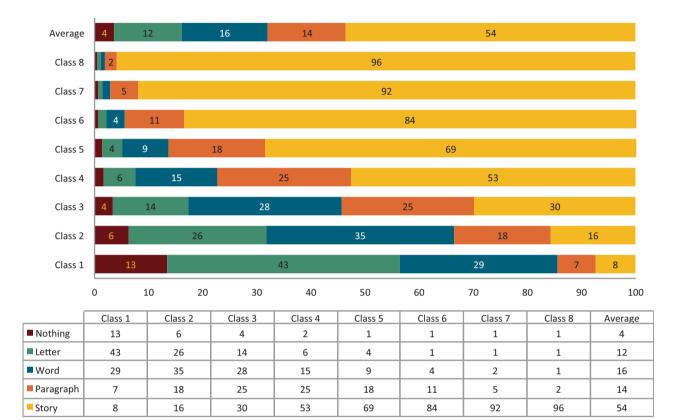
#### Table 1: Top and bottom districts, Kiswahili reading

Children in Class 3 who can read a Class 2 Kiswahili story ( <i>hadithi</i> ) %						
Districts with lowest levels		<b>Districts with highes</b>	st levels			
Laisamis	6	Imenti North	75			
Wajir East	7	Kajiado North	73			
Mandera Central	8	Nairobi West	67			
Kyuso	10	Imenti South	63			
Chalbi	10	Nyeri North	63			
National Average	35					

A Class 3 child in Imenti North or Kajiado North is 12 times more likely to be able to read a Kiswahili story than a child in the same class in Laisamis or Wajir East. All of the five districts with the lowest Kiswahili reading levels are in arid and semi-arid counties.

9

### READING ENGLISH 2013



#### Figure 2: Children who can read English by class (%)

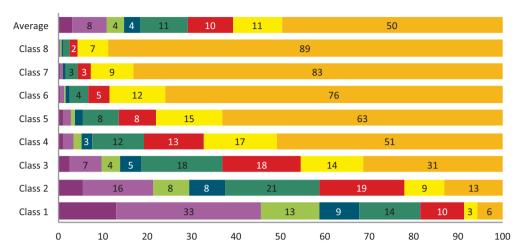
ationally, more than 5 out of 10 children aged 6 to 16 can read a Class 2 level English story. Only 3 out of 10 Class 3 children can read a Class 2 level English story and 1 out of 6 children in the same class cannot read an English word. In Class 8, as with Kiswahili, 4 out of 100 children cannot read a Class 2 English story.

#### Table 2: Top and bottom districts, English reading

Children in Class 3 who can read a Class 2 English story (%)						
Districts with lowest English reading levels		Districts with highest English reading levels				
Куиѕо	5	Westlands 77				
Laisamis	6.	Kajiado North 75				
Samburu East	8	Nairobi West 61				
Wajir East	8	Nairobi East 58				
Garbatula	8	Imenti North 58				
National Average	30					

The highest proportion of those who cannot read English is in arid districts while the lowest is in urban districts. A child in Westlands is 15 times more likely to be able to read an English story than a child in Kyuso.

### NUMERACY LEVELS 2013



	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	Class 5	Class 6	Class 7	Class 8	Average
Nothing	13	6	3	1	1	0	0	0	3
Count and Match	33	16	7	2	2	1	1	0	8
Number recognition (11-99)	13	8	4	2	1	0	0	0	4
Greater than	9	8	5	3	2	1	1	0	4
Addition	14	21	18	12	8	4	3	2	11
Subtraction	10	19	18	13	8	5	3	2	10
Multiplication	3	9	14	17	15	12	9	7	11
Division	6	13	31	51	63	76	83	89	50

#### Figure 3: Children who can do numeracy by class (%)

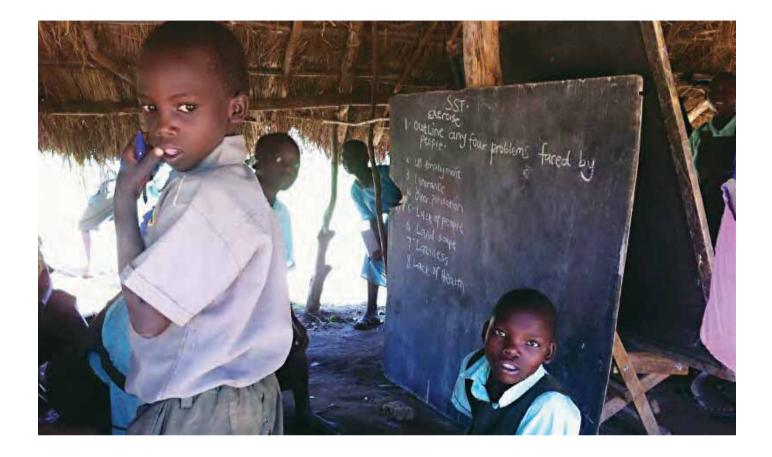
ationally, 5 out of 10 children aged 6 to 16 can do Class 2 division. Only 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 can solve a Class 2 division problem. In the same class 1 out of 10 children cannot recognize numbers between 11 and 99. By the time children reach Class 8, 1 out of 10 still cannot solve Class 2 division.

#### Table 3: Top and bottom districts, numeracy

Children in Class 3 who can solve a Class 2 division problem (%)						
Districts with the lowest numeracy levels		Districts with the highest numeracy levels				
Chalbi	0	Maara	64			
Samburu East	2	Nyeri North	63			
Turkana South	3	Kajiado North	58			
Mandera West	6	Limuru	56			
Tana River	7	Imenti South	56			
National Average	31					

The bottom five districts are from arid and semi-arid counties while the five districts with the highest numeracy levels are largely urban. None of the Class 3 children assessed in Chalbi district could solve a Class 2 level division problem.

### GENERAL KNOWLEDGE



All children aged 6-16 were shown a picture of a tree and asked to identify it (first question) and name its different parts (stem, roots and leaves (second question)) in a language of their choice.

#### Table 4: Children who can name parts of a tree (%)

Class	0	ne question		Both Questions			
	Boys	Girls	All	Boys	Girls	All	
Class 1-3	64	64	64	61	61	61	
Class 4-5	85	85	85	83	83	83	
Class 6-8	95	95	94	93	93	93	
Average	80	80	80	77	78	78	
Out of school	55	54	54	51	51	51	

- There is no gender gap in the general knowledge levels among children.
- 6 out of 10 children in Classes 1-3 can identify a tree and name its parts.
- Just under 1 out of 10 of children in Classes 6-8 cannot name parts of a tree in a language of their choice.
- The percentage of out of school children that can identify a tree and name its parts is lower than that of children in school.

# 2015: HAS KENYA ACHIEVED THE EDUCATION FOR ALL GOALS?

To break the cycles, it is imperative that expanding access to the excluded groups must be accompanied with measures to improve quality, so that the generation of children in school today attains optimal outcomes for both lifelong learning and a decent living.



n the year 2000, the World Education Forum in Dakar, Senegal set six Education for All (EFA) goals, to be achieved by 2015. The goals addressed the schooling and learning of all children, youth and adults. This Uwezo report collected data on the eve of the 2015 global deadline, and in this section we assess Kenya's performance against the EFA goals. No Uwezo data corresponds to goal number three so this is not considered in our review.

### Early Childhood Care and Education

Expanding and improving comprehensive early childhood care and education, especially for the most vulnerable and disadvantaged children is **EFA Goal 1.** 

Table 5: Children in and out of pre-school (%)

Not in In pre-In primary school school Total Age category school Public Private Other Age 3 All 44 0 0 0 56 100 0 Age 4 All 0 0 33 100 67 Age 5 All 70 12 3 0 16 100 Age 6 All 25 52 13 0 10 100 2 1 7 Age 6+ All 80 9 100 Children in primary school and never attended pre-school 21

Overall, there appears to be good progress towards this goal, but the country is far from achieving it. The number of children aged three to five attending pre-school has increased from 57% to 64% between 2011 and 2013. Further analysis is required to determine whether this improvement is statistically significant. In 2013, 44% of children aged three were enrolled, as compared to 67% of four-year olds and 70% of five-year olds.

There are also a number of five-year olds, close to 15%, attending primary school prematurely. Most of these underage students attend public schools.

Two out of ten children (21%) who are currently enrolled in primary school have never attended preschool. An analysis of pre-school attendance in seven pastoralist counties that are generally disadvantaged indicates that little progress has been made in accessing pre-school education for the appropriate age group (three to five year old children). With the exception of Turkana County, the other six core arid counties have less than half of the children of preschool going age enrolled in preschool. In Wajir 1 out of 4 children aged three to five attend pre-school. For all of the pastoralist counties considered, the numbers of children attending pre-school are lower than the national average.

#### Access and completion, particularly for girls and ethnic minorities

**EFA Goal 2** aims to ensure that by 2015 all children, particularly girls, children in difficult circumstances and those belonging to ethnic minorities, have access to, and complete, free and compulsory primary education of good quality.

In Table 7 the data paint a generally positive picture. Enrolment rates are high across ages – numbers of out of school children stand at around 10%. There is also no significant difference between enrolment rates for boys and girls.

A huge majority of children make use of the public school system, 74% of primary school age children (6-13 years) are attending public primary school, compared to 16% enrolled in private schools. The enrolment share of private schools among children aged 6-16 years has expanded from 10% in 2010 to 16% in 2013.

However the enrolment data may mask significant regional variation, as shown in Table 6 for pre-school enrolment. Given that this goal focuses on equity of access, a further look at ethnicity and

#### Table 6: Children in pre-school in seven core arid counties (%)

County	Percentage of children 3-5 years in pre- school
Wajir	25
Mandera	29
Marsabit	35
Garissa	41
Tana River	44
Samburu	49
Turkana	60
National Average	64

#### Table 7: Children in and out of school

Children in and out of school (%)								
Age group	In school			Out of	Total			
	Public	Private	Other	school				
Age 6-16 All	75	14	1	10	100			
Age 6-16 Boys	75	14	1	10	100			
Age 6-16 Girls	75	15	1	9	100			
Age 6-13 All	74	16	0	10	100			
Age 6-13 Boys	74	16	0	10	100			
Age 6-13 Girls	74	16	0	10	100			
Age 14-16 All	82	7	3	8	100			
Age 14-16 Boys	82	7	3	9	100			
Age 14-16 Girls	81	8	3	8	100			

#### Table 8: Children out of school in seven core arid counties

County	Out of school children (6-13 Years) (%)
Marsabit	40
Garissa	32
Turkana	32
Tana River	26
Wajir	22
Samburu	21
Mandera	19
National Average	10

geography in relation to rates of enrolment is required to explore performance against this goal in depth.

Table 8 shows that there are more out of school children in arid areas.

All of the seven core arid counties have more out of school children than the national average. Thus the fairly strong national picture is undermined by the regional variation.

Class						Age	9						Total
	Under 6	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Class 1	9	37	27	14	6	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
Class 2	2	13	26	27	14	10	3	2	1	1	1	1	100
Class 3	1	4	11	25	23	19	7	6	3	1	1	1	100
Class 4	0	1	3	10	18	29	13	14	7	3	1	1	100
Class 5	0	0	2	4	7	22	17	22	13	7	4	2	100
Class 6	0	0	0	1	2	9	13	29	21	15	7	4	100
Class 7	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	18	25	23	15	11	100
Class 8	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	7	17	28	25	22	100

Further, as shown in Table 9, children are not enrolled in or progressing through school at the right age.

Lower primary school has more underage children while later classes (Class 5 to Class 8) have more overage children. Two out of ten children in Classes 2-4 are underage while close to half of the children in Classes 5-8 are overage. Class 7 has the highest number of overage children at 49%. Naturally, being out of school also significantly impacts children's learning levels.

#### Table 9: Children in Class by age (%)

Since EFA Goal 2 is about the quality and inclusivity of education, it is instructive to compare the learning levels of those in and out of school.

Children who have stopped attending school have not acquired the requisite reading and numeracy skills. Overall, children who are out of school can read better in Kiswahili than in English. Reading competencies of children out of school are lower than those of children of the same class who are still enrolled in school.

Level	Children reading levels by grade of drop out	In-school children reading levels by grade
Class 3	16	35
Class 4	33	59
Class 5	47	73
Class 6	62	86
Class 7	79	93

#### Table 10: Children in and out of school who can read a Class 2 Kiswahili story (%)

#### Table 11: Children in and out of school who can read a Class 2 English story (%)

Level	Children reading levels by grade of drop out	In-school children reading levels by grade
Class 3	12	230
Class 4	30	53
Class 5	39	69
Class 6	55	84
Class 7	76	92

#### Improvement in adult education, especially for women

**EFA Goal 4** stipulates achieving a 50 percent improvement in levels of adult literacy by 2015, especially for women, and equitable access to basic and continuing education for all adults.

Half of the mothers in the households visited can read a Class 2 story. In general, mothers' levels of education are low, as only 2 out of 10 mothers in the households visited have post-primary education.

#### Gender parity and achieving gender equality

**EFA Goal 5** focuses on eliminating gender disparities in primary and secondary education by 2005, and achieving gender equality in education by 2015, with a focus on ensuring girls' full and equal access to and achievement in basic education of good quality.

Nationally, there are some gender disparities but they may not be statistically significant and reflect the reverse of what might be expected: slightly more girls aged 6-13 are attending public primary school than boys, though an equal proportion of

#### Table 12: Gender gap, Class 3 in numeracy and literacy, (%)

Class read a Kiswa	a story	in	Class read a Englis	· · · · ·		solve	olve division		Children 6-13 out of school (%)			Gender of Class 2 teacher (%)	
Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Male	Female
33	37	35	28	31	30	31	32	31	10	10	10	29	71

boys and girls attend private primary schools. More girls than boys attend school daily in upper primary school (Classes 4-8). In terms of learning outcomes, Table 12 shows some small differences between performance by boys and girls.

Overall, the learning levels of girls appear to be slightly better than those of boys in both literacy and numeracy.

### Quality of education and ensuring excellence

The aspiration of **EFA Goal 6** was improving all aspects of the quality of education and ensuring excellence of all so that recognized and measurable learning outcomes are achieved by all, especially in literacy, numeracy and essential life skills.

The core measure of quality of education is the core question that Uwezo assesses – whether



children are learning as they are supposed to in school. On this front the story continues to be negative. Learning outcomes are universally low, from Class 3 all the way to Class 8. In terms of literacy and numeracy, young Kenyan children are not mastering the required skills expected in school.

However there have been some positive findings, including:

- Pupil school attendance is high, 91% of pupils who were supposed to be were in school on the day that Uwezo volunteers visited schools. Similarly teachers' attendance is on the high side, with 88% of teachers in school on the day of the Uwezo volunteers' visits.
- Timetables are used regularly; 8 out of 10 Class 2 lessons are taught following a class timetable, as required, while a timetable is not used for the remaining two lessons.
- Parents appear to be engaged in school issues; 6 out of 10 schools had parents who attend school meetings.
- The Pupil-Teacher Ratio has dropped from 52 pupils per teacher in 2011 to 38 pupils per teacher in 2013, though schools have an increased number of contract or volunteer teachers.
- The number of children sharing a textbook in Class 2 stands at around two children per book.

Pupil-Teacher Ratio			Pupil-Textbook Ratio				
	2011	2013	Subject	2011	2013		
Pupil-Teacher Ratio based on enrolment	52	37	English	3	2		
			Kiswahili	3	2		
Pupil-Teacher Ratio based on attendance on day of visit	35	30	Math	3	2		

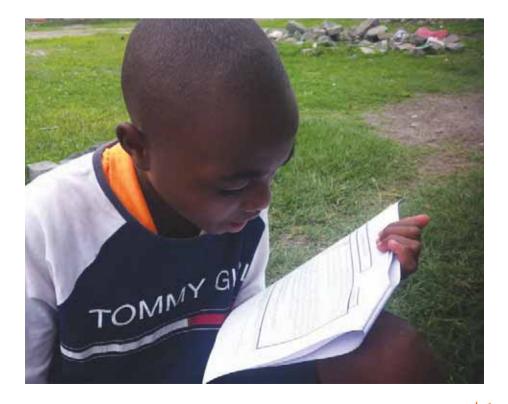
Table 13: Pupil-Teacher Ratios and Pupil-Textbook Ratios

#### Conclusion

From the Uwezo data, Kenya has not achieved any of the EFA goals, although good progress has been made in enrolment, particularly into early childhood education. Although enrolment to primary school is high, inequitable distribution and quality remain challenges, particularly in the northern arid counties.

The high numbers of overage children, especially in the upper grades, also challenge gains made in enrolment. This is caused by either late enrolment or grade repetition, and ensures that the historical patterns of low educational attainment continue. To break the cycles, it is imperative that expanding access to the excluded groups must be accompanied with measures to improve quality, so that the generation of children in school today attains optimal outcomes for both lifelong learning and a decent living.

We should make investments in education in an accountable way, based on evidence of what works in ensuring learning, in order to improve Kenya's education system.



### COUNTY REPORTS

Data from Kirinyaga are not available and so are not presented here

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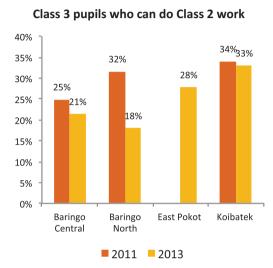
### BARINGO

28

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

#### COUNTY RANK



#### Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who can **Class 3 pupils who** read Class 2 English read Class 2 Kiswahili can do Class 2 BARINGO Story (average, %) Story (average, %) Division (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2011 2013 **Baringo Central** 21% 20% 28% 27% 25% 18% **Baringo North** 29% 15% 35% 31% 17% 21% **East Pokot** 23% 27% 33% Koibatek 29% 30% 40% 40% 33% 30%

26%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

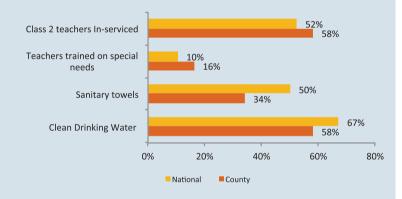
32%

1 Overall only 1 out of every 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Baringo County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Koibatek where 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for 1 those teaching students with special needs were both higher than the national averages.
- The average number of schools providing sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -4 Koibatek, provision of sanitary towels - Baringo Central, teachers trained for special needs -Baringo Central, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Baringo Central.



Facilities and Training (Average)

100%	1			92	2%	91	.%	89	9%	88	3%						
90%																	
80%	1														71%		
70%	-											63%	<sup>6</sup> 60	%		64	%
60%																	
50%	-																
40%	-																
30%	-	4 40/															
20%	-	14%	10%	6													
10%	1																
0%	÷			1													_
	(	Childre			upil		·			r Da	'		ents		hildre		
		are o			tten					dand			nding		chool	(3-5 y	rs)
		school	•	3 Rat			/ of F	Rate			/ of	meet		at			
		yr	s)		vis	sit			vis	sit		sch	lool				
						C	ount	y	1 📃	Vati	onal						

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Best Performing Districts								
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Koibatek							
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Koibatek							
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Koibatek							
Parents attending meetings at school	Baringo North							
Children in pre-school (3-5 years)	Koibatek							

Baringo's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although the county had a higher proportion of children attending pre-school.

# BOMET

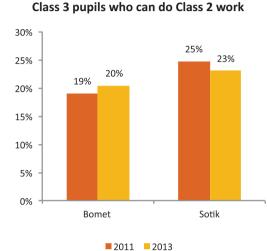
#### COUNTY RANK



COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

21%



#### Class 3 pupils who **Class 3 pupils who** Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 can read Class can read Class 2 2 English Story **Kiswahili Story Division** (average, BOMET (average, %) (average, %) %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2011 2013 Bomet 13% 18% 17% 21% 27% 22% Sotik 24% 16% 28% 21% 23% 32%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

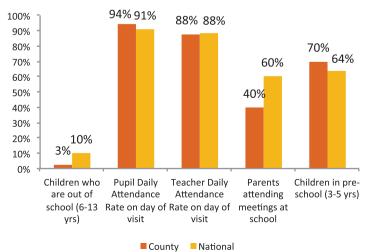
1 Overall only 1 out of 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

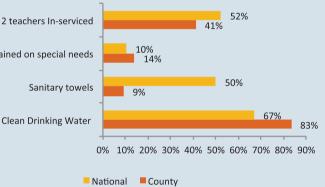
**2** The learning levels in Bomet County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Sotik where just under 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

Facilities and Training (Average)

- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was higher than the national average.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training was lower than the national average, while the average number of schools with teachers trained on special needs was higher than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools in the county supplying sanitary towels was substantially lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water Bomet, provision of sanitary towels - Bomet, teachers trained for special needs - Sotik, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Bomet and Sotik (tie).





Best Performing Districts							
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Bomet						
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Bomet						
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Sotik						
Parents attending meetings at school	Bomet						
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Bomet						

Bomet's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators, with the exception of parents attending meetings at schools, which was much lower than the national average.

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

### BUNGOMA

#### COUNTY RANK

100%

90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20%

10% 0%

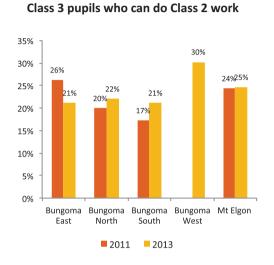
### 32

#### COUNTY **AVERAGE**

23%

```
NATIONAL
AVERAGE
```

32%



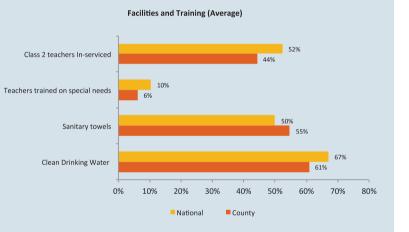
BUNGOMA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Class	pils who can s 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)		
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	
Bungoma East	22%	17%	24%	23%	33%	24%	
Bungoma North	15%	19%	23%	25%	22%	22%	
<b>Bungoma South</b>	13%	19%	17%	23%	22%	21%	
Bungoma West	0%	26%	0%	32%	0%	32%	
Mt Elgon	18%	16%	25%	27%	30%	31%	

1 Overall only 1 out of every 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Bungoma County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Bungoma West where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was higher than the national average.
- 3 Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both lower than the national averages.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Bungoma South, provision of sanitary towels - Mt Elgon, teachers trained for special needs - Mt Elgon, in service training for Class 2 teachers -**Bungoma North**



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)	Attendance and Enrolment (Average)					
90%91% 86% <sup>88%</sup>		Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Bung			
56% <sup>60%</sup>	59% <sup>64%</sup>	Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Bung			
		Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Bung			
9% 10%		Parents attending meetings at school	Bung			
Children who Pupil Daily Teacher Daily Parents	Children in	Children in pre-school (3-5 years)	Bung			
are out of Attendance Attendance attending school (6-13 Rate on day of Rate on day of meetings at yrs) visit visit school	pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Bungoma's performance was in line average for all enrollment and atte				

County National

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Bungoma East
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Bungoma South
Parents attending meetings at school	Bungoma South
Children in pre-school (3-5 years)	Bungoma West
Bungoma's performance was in line average for all enrollment and atter	

**Bungoma North** 

# Busia

#### COUNTY RANK

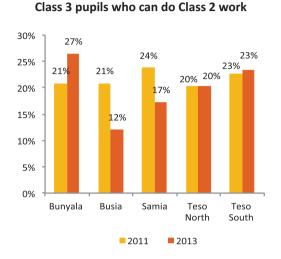


#### COUNTY AVERAGE

17%

#### NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



BUSIA	read Class 2	oils who can English Story age, %)	read Class	oils who can 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)		
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	
Bunyala	18%	26%	20%	28%	25%	25%	
Busia	17%	13%	23%	14%	23%	9%	
Samia	23%	14%	25%	20%	23%	18%	
Teso North	17%	21%	21%	21%	22%	18%	
Teso South	20%	22%	26%	29%	22%	19%	

1 Overall fewer than 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

**2** The learning levels in Busia County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Bunyala where close to 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work

- The average number of schools in the county supplying sanitary towels, providing clean drinking water, and with Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were all lower than the national averages.
- 2 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Busia, provision of sanitary towels -Bunyala, teachers trained for special needs - Teso North, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Teso North



ך 100%		90%91%	90%88%		
90% -					
80% -					
70% -				56% <sup>60%</sup>	62%64%
60% -				56%	
50% -					
40% -					
30% -					
20% -	10%10%				
10% -					
0% ∔					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Children who	Pupil Daily	Teacher Daily	Parents	Children in
	are out of	Attendance	Attendance	attending	pre-school
	school (6-13	Rate on day of I	Rate on day of	meetings at	(3-5 yrs)
	yrs)	visit	visit	school	(,)
	,,				
		Coun	ty 🗧 Nationa	1	

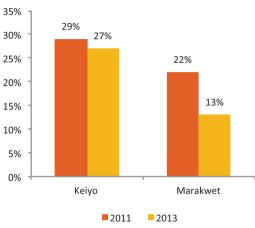
# Best Performing DistrictsChildren who are out of school<br/>(6-13 yrs)BusiaPupil Daily Attendance Rate on<br/>day of visitBunyalaTeacher Daily Attendance Rate<br/>on day of visitTeso NorthParents attending meetings at<br/>schoolSamiaChildren in pre-school (3-5 yrs)Teso North

Busia's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators.

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

### ELGEYO-MARAKWET

#### COUNTY NATIONAL COUNTY 23 32% 28% RANK **AVERAGE** AVERAGE



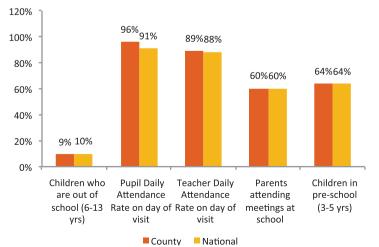
Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

ELGEYO MARAKWET	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pu can read Kiswahi (avera	Class 2 li Story	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)		
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	
Кеіуо	29%	23%	42%	31%	33%	33%	
Marakwet	24%	24% 23%		28%	27%	30%	

1 Overall just under 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Elgeyo Marakwet County were below the national average.

- 3 The best performing district in the county was Keiyo just over 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was slightly higher than the national average, as was the percentage of teachers trained on special needs.
- The average number of schools in the country providing sanitary towels was much lower than the national average.
- The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service training was on par with the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water Keiyo, provision of sanitary towels - Marakwet, teachers trained for special needs - Keiyo, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Keiyo



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



Best Performing Districts							
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Marakwet						
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Кеіуо						
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Marakwet						
Parents attending meetings at school	Marakwet						
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Кеіуо						
Elgevo Marakwet's performance v	vas in line with the						

national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators.

# Facilities and Training (Average)

# EMBU

#### COUNTY RANK





COUNTY **AVERAGE** 

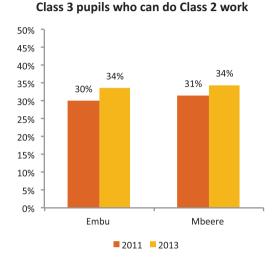
34%

visit

visit

NATIONAL AVERAGE

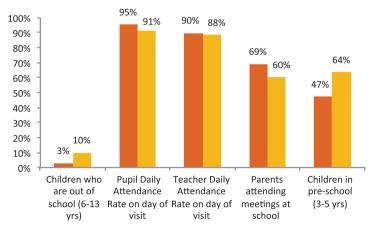
32%



EMBU	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pu can read Kiswahi (avera	Class 2 li Story	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Embu	28%	28%	35%	33%	27%	39%
Mbeere	22%	25%	33%	39%	39%	39%

1 Overall just over 1 out of every 3 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- 2 The learning levels in Embu County were above the national average.
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Mbeere where 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- 1 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher inservice training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was on par with the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- The average number of schools with clean drinking 3 water was slightly higher than the national average.
- Mbeere was the best performing district in the county for clean drinking water, provision of sanitary towels, in service training for Class 2 teachers and training for teachers of students with special needs.



County National



#### **Best Performing Districts** Embu Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs) Embu Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of Embu Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of Embu

Parents attending meetings at school Mbeere Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs) Embu had higher pupil attendance, a better rate of out of school children and more parents attending school

meetings when compared to the national average. At the same time there were less children in pre-school in Embu County than the national average.

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

### GARISSA

#### COUNTY RANK

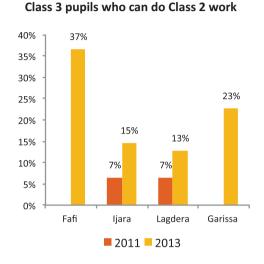


#### COUNTY AVERAGE

17%

#### NATIONAL AVERAGE

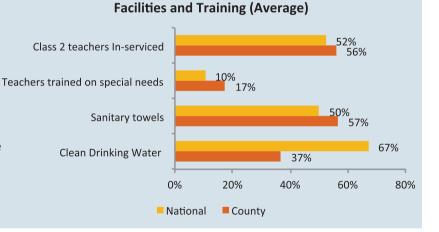
32%



GARISSA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pu can read Kiswahi (avera	l Class 2 li Story	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Fafi		40%		49%		21%
Ijara	5%	15%	7%	16%	7%	13%
Lagdera	5%	15%	8%	14%	6%	10%
Garissa		26%		29%		14%

Overall just over 1 out of 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.
 The learning levels in Garissa County were below the national average.
 The best performing district in the county was Fafi where just under 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels, with Class 2 teacher inservice training and teachers trained on special needs were all higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was much lower than the national average.
- Garissa was the best performing district in the county for clean drinking water, provision of sanitary towels, in service training for Class 2 teachers and training for teachers of students with special needs.



Children who are out of school

Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day

Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on

Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)

meetings at school.

Parents attending meetings at school

(6-13 yrs)

of visit

day of visit

**Best Performing Districts** 

Lagdera

Garissa

Garissa

Ijara

ljara

100% - 90% -		90%91%	86% <sup>8</sup>	38%		
80% -						
70% -					60%	64%
60% -					50%	
50% -						41%
40% -	32%					
30% -						
20% -	10%					
10% -						
0% +	Children who	Pupil Daily	/ Teache	r Daily	Parents	Children in
	are out of	Attendance		,	attending	pre-school
		ate on day			meetings at	(3-5 yrs)
	yrs)	visit	vi	sit	school	

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

#### County

#### Are Our Children Learning? | Literacy and Numeracy in Kenya | 2014

substantially higher than the national average.

Garissa's performance was in line with the national average for some enrolment and attendance indicators. The percentage of out of school children, however, was

Garissa also performed worse than the national average

in terms of children in pre-school and parents attending



### HOMABAY

#### COUNTY RANK

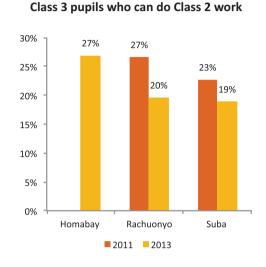
34

#### COUNTY AVERAGE

22%

#### NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



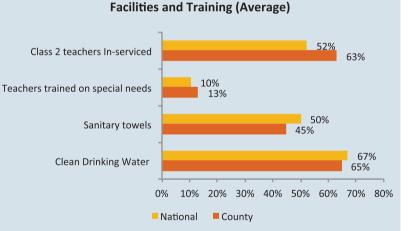
Номавау	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Homabay		26%		30%		25%
Rachuonyo	24%	22%	28%	18%	27%	19%
Suba	24%	19%	20%	18%	42%	20%

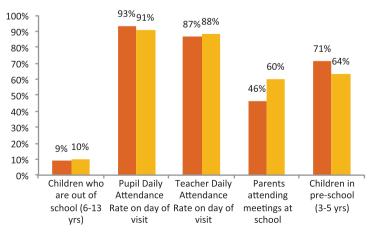
1 Overall just over 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

**2** The learning levels in Homabay County were below the national average.

**3** The best performing district in the county was Homabay where just under 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools providing sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was slightly lower than the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Homabay, provision of sanitary towels
   - Homabay, teachers trained for special needs -Homabay, in service training for Class 2 teachers
   - Rachuonyo







#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Best Performing Districts						
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Rachuonyo					
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Homabay & Rachuonyo					
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Rachuonyo					
Parents attending meetings at school	Homabay					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Suba					
Hemehow's performance was in line with the petional						

Homabay's performance was in line with the national average for most enrolment and attendance indicators. However there were less parents attending school meetings and more children attending pre-school than the national average.

# ISIOLO

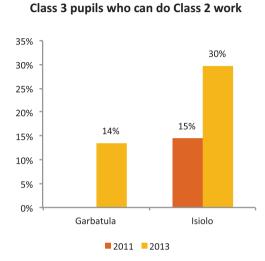
#### COUNTY RANK





24%

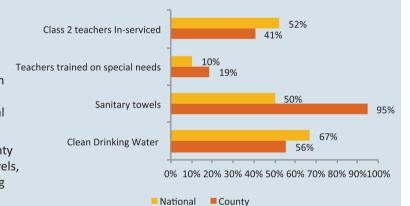
NATIONAL AVERAGE 32%



ISIOLO	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pu can read Kiswahi (avera	l Class 2 li Story	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Garbatula		8%		13%		20%
Isiolo	12%	28%	16%	36%	16%	25%

1 Overall just over 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- 2 The learning levels in Isiolo County were below the national average.
- **3** The best performing district in the county was Isiolo where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- 1 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was almost double the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools with teachers trained on special needs was higher than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water and with Class 2 teacher inservice training were both lower than the national averages.
- Isiolo was the best performing district in the county for clean drinking water, provision of sanitary towels, in service training for Class 2 teachers and training for teachers of students with special needs.



**Best Performing Districts** 

Garbatulla

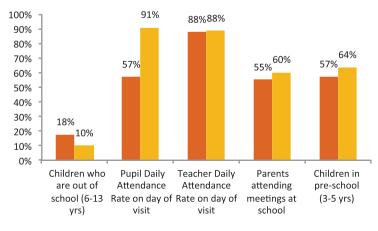
Garbatulla

Garbatulla

Garbatulla

Isiolo

Facilities and Training (Average)



#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

County National



Isiolo's performance in terms of average pupil daily

attendance rate was much lower than the national

average. Similarly there were many more children out of

Children who are out of school

Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day

Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on

Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)

Parents attending meetings at school

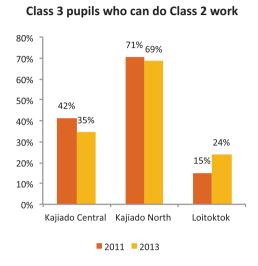
(6-13 yrs)

day of visit

of visit

### KAJADO

#### COUNTY RANK



KAJIADO	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kajiado Central	36%	36%	42%	40%	47%	29%
Kajiado North	73%	75%	76%	73%	63%	58%
Loitoktok	14%	24%	18%	26%	42%	22%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

1 Overall 1 out of every 2 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Kajiado were far above the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Kajiado North where 7 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was significantly higher than the national average.

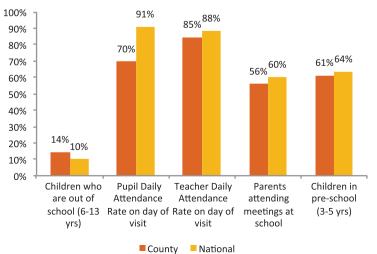
COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

54%

- The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service 2 training was slightly higher than the national average, while the number of schools providing clean drinking water was slightly lower than the national average.
- 3 Teachers trained on special needs were equivalent to the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water Kajiado North, provision of sanitary towels - Kajiado North, teachers trained for special needs - Kajiado Central, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Kajiado North







Best Performing Districts						
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Kajiado Central					
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kajiado Central					
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kajiado North					
Parents attending meetings at school	Loitoktok					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Kajiado North					

Kajiado's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators except that pupil daily attendance rates were much lower than the national average.

### KAKAMEGA

#### COUNTY RANK

### 30

#### COUNTY AVERAGE

### 24%

#### NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%

KAKAMEGA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Butere	21%	18%	28%	30%	23%	18%
Kakamega Central	26%	26%	34%	32%	34%	33%
Kakamega East		20%		29%		18%
Kakamega North	15%	19%	21%	25%	21%	24%
Kakamega South	16%	24%	23%	30%	24%	26%
Lugari		18%		28%		21%
Mumias		21%		25%		26%

Overall only 1 out of every 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.
 The learning levels in Kakamega County were below the national average.
 The best performing district in the county was Kakamega Central where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

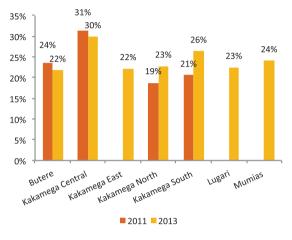
Facilities and Training (Average) 52% Class 2 teachers In-serviced 51% 10% Teachers trained on special needs 6% 50% Sanitary towels 46% 67% **Clean Drinking Water** 68% 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% National County

Best Performing Districts						
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Mumias					
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kakemega Central					
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Lugari					
Parents attending meetings at school	Kakemega Central					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Kakamega East					

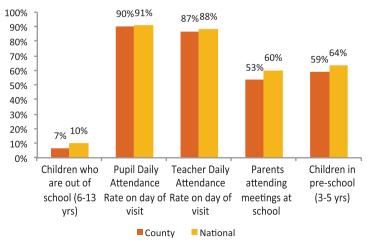
Kakamega's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were slightly lower numbers of parents attending school meetings than the national average.

29

#### Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work



- 1 The average number of schools in the county with in service training for Class 2 teachers and clean drinking water were almost equal to the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels and training for those teaching students with special needs were lower than the national averages.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Kakamega Central, provision of sanitary towels
   Lugari, teachers trained for special needs -Kakamega Central, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Kakamega Central



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# KERICHO

#### COUNTY RANK

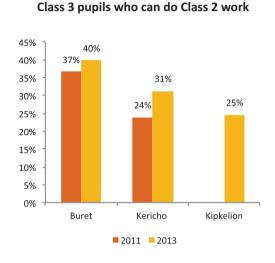
16

#### COUNTY AVERAGE

33%

#### NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%

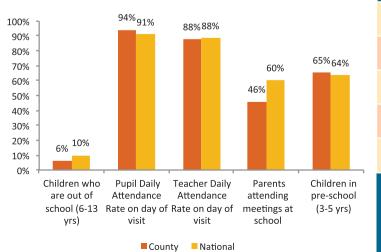


KERICHO	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Buret	31%	37%	38%	38%	41%	45%
Kericho	25%	31%	27%	33%	19%	30%
Kipkelion		20%		25%		30%

1 Overall 1 out of every 3 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Kericho County were almost equivalent to the national average.

- 3 The best performing district in the county was Buret where 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- 1 The average number of schools in the county with Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was lower than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was almost equivalent to the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water Buret and Kipkelion (tie), provision of sanitary towels - Buret and Kericho (tie), teachers trained for special needs
   - Kipkelion, in service training for Class 2 teachers -Kericho



#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

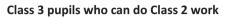
#### Facilities and Training (Average) 52% Class 2 teachers In-serviced 56% 10% Teachers trained on special needs 6% 50% Sanitary towels 33% 67% **Clean Drinking Water** 66% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 0% 10% National County

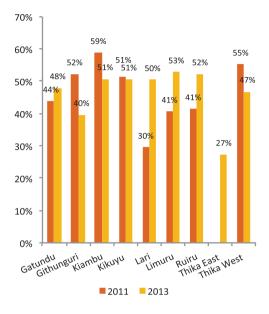
Best Performing Districts						
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Kipkelion					
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kipkelion					
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Buret					
Parents attending meetings at school	Kericho					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Kipkelion					

Kericho's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were far fewer parents attending meetings at school in Kericho.

# KIAME







#### COUNTY **AVERAGE**

### 47%

NATIONAL **AVERAGE** 

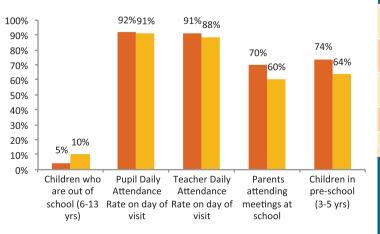
32%

KIAMBU	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Gatundu	47%	50%	48%	52%	37%	41%
Githunguri	49%	40%	48%	41%	59%	38%
Kiambu	61%	51%	63%	52%	42%	49%
Kikuyu	54%	53%	49%	51%	51%	48%
Lari	30%	47%	34%	57%	25%	47%
Limuru	40%	53%	39%	49%	42%	56%
Ruiru	47%	55%	41%	61%	36%	41%
Thika East		26%		36%		20%
Thika West	57%	45%	55%	53%	53%	43%

1 Overall just under 1 out of 2 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work. 2 The learning levels in Kiambu County were much higher than the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Limuru where just over 5 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

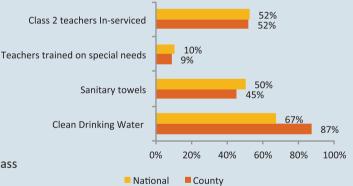
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was much higher than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training was on par with the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was slighly lower than the national average.
- A Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Thika West where all schools provide clean drinking water, provision of sanitary towels - Thika East, teachers trained for special needs - Ruiru, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Lari and Thika West (tie).



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

County National

#### Facilities and Training (Average)



Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Lari				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Thika West				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Thika West				
Parents attending meetings at school	Lari				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Limuru				

Kiambu's performance was better than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. Kiambu's performance was much higher than the national average in terms of the number of children in pre-school and the number of parents attending school meetings.

# KILIFI

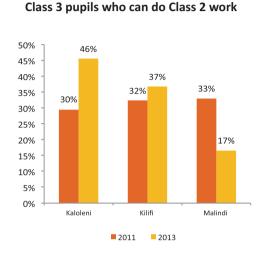
COUNTY RANK 17

COUNTY AVERAGE

32%

NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



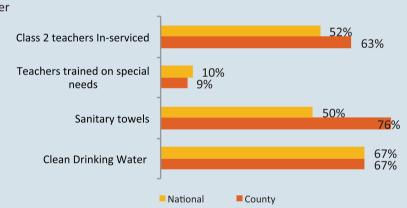
KILIFI	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kaloleni	23%	46%	39%	50%	27%	41%
Kilifi	25%	38%	38%	47%	34%	25%
Malindi	29%	10%	42%	22%	28%	17%

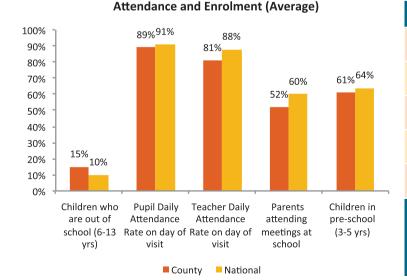
1 Overall just under 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

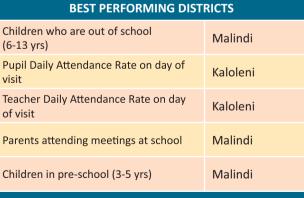
**2** The learning levels in Kilifi County were on par with the national average.

**3** The best performing district in the county was Kaloleni where almost 5 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county providing sanitary towels and with Class 2 teacher in-service training were both higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with training for those teaching students with special needs was equivalent to the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was on par with the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Malindi, provision of sanitary towels - Malindi, teachers trained for special needs - Kaloleni, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Malindi.







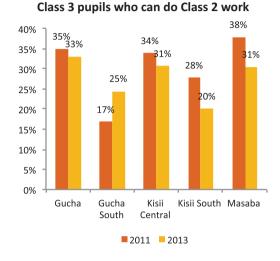
Kilifi's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators but Kilifi had lower rates of teacher attendance and parents attending meetings.

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#### Facilities and Training (Average)

# k*IS*II

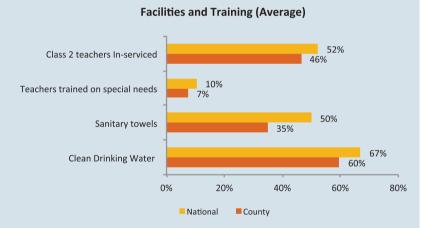




#### Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who read Class 2 English read Class 2 Kiswahili can do Class 2 KISII Division (average, %) Story (average, %) Story (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2011 2013 Gucha 36% 29% 28% 33% 38% 41% **Gucha South** 8% 17% 16% 24% 27% 33% **Kisii Central** 28% 30% 40% 37% 33% 25% **Kisii South** 21% 11% 25% 19% 38% 30% Masaba 39% 27% 44% 31% 31% 34%

1 Overall 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- **2** The learning levels in Kisii County were just below the national average.
- **3** The best performing district in the county was Gucha where 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with Class 2 teacher in-service training, teachers trained on special needs, and schools supplying sanitary towels and clean drinking water were all lower than the national averages.
- 2 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Masaba, provision of sanitary towels - Kisii South, teachers trained for special needs - Kisii Central, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Gucha



100% 90% ]		91%91%	89%88%		81%
80% -					
70% -				62%60%	64%
60% -					
50% -					
40% -					
30% -					
20% -	7% <sup>10%</sup>				
10% -	7 70				
0% +					
	Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Parents attending meetings at school	Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)

County National

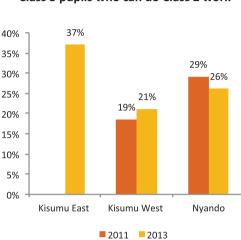
#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Masaba				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kisii South				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Masaba				
Parents attending meetings at school	Kisii Central				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Gucha South				

Kisii's performance was on par with or slightly better than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators, but the county had many more children attending pre-school than the national average.

# KISUMU

#### COUNTY RANK



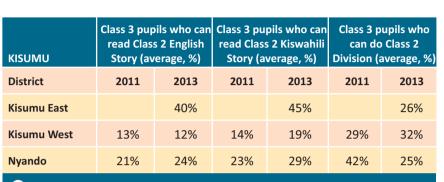
#### Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

19

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

31%



NATIONAL

**AVERAGE** 

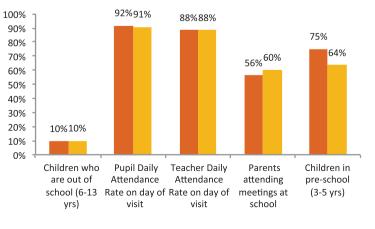
32%

1 Overall close to 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Kisumu County were below the national average.

**3** The best performing district in the county was Kisumu East where almost 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was higher than the national average.
- 2 Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both higher than the national averages.
- 3 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was equivalent to the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water
   Kisumu East, provision of sanitary towels
  - Nyando, teachers trained for special needs -
  - Nyando, in service training for Class 2 teachers
  - Kisumu East



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)





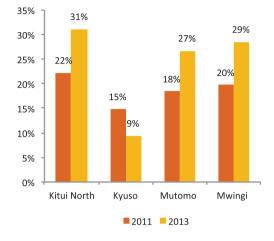
Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Kisumu West				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kisumu East				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kisumu East				
Parents attending meetings at school	Kisumu East				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Nyando				
Kieumule norfermenee wee in line	with the notional				

Kisumu's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators but the county had a higher average of children attending pre-school.

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# KITU





κιτυι	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kitui North	15%	26%	21%	27%	30%	40%
Kyuso	13%	5%	12%	10%	19%	13%
Mutomo	12%	18%	17%	30%	26%	33%
Mwingi	8%	18%	13%	39%	37%	29%

1 Overall only 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- **2** The learning levels in Kitui County were below the national average.
- **3** The best performing district in the county was Kitui North where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with Class 2 teacher in-service training and teachers trained on special needs, and supplying sanitary towels and clean drinking water were all lower than the national averages.
- 2 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Mutomo and Mwingi (tie), provision of sanitary towels - Mwingi, teachers trained for special needs - Kyuso, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Kyuso



100%	1	93% <sub>91%</sub>	87%88%		
90%	1				
80%	-				
70%	-			56% <sup>60%</sup>	59%
60%	-			50%	
50%	-				
40%	-				
30%	-				
20%	5% 10%				
10%	5%				
0%	· · · · ·			_	
	Children who	Pupil Daily	Teacher Daily	Parents	Children in
	are out of	Attendance	Attendance	attending	pre-school
	school (6-13	Rate on day of	Rate on day of	meetings at	(3-5 yrs)
	yrs)	visit	visit	school	

County Average National Average

#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Parents attending meetings at school	Kyuso					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs) Kitui North						
Kitui's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators.						

**Best Performing Districts** 

Kitui North

Kitui North

Mwingi

Children who are out of school

Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day

Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on

(6-13 yrs)

of visit

day of visit

# KWALE

#### COUNTY RANK

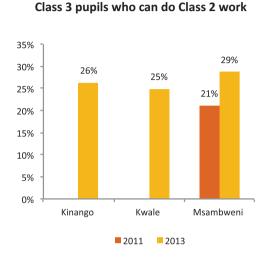


#### COUNTY AVERAGE

27%

NATIONAL AVERAGE

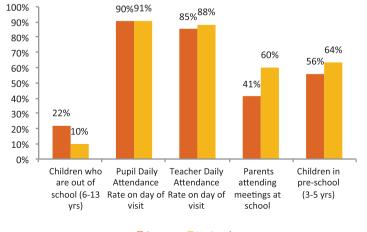
### 32%



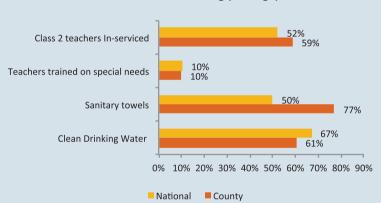
KWALE	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Class 2 Kiswahili		• •	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kinango		20%		27%		33%
Kwale		14%		30%		30%
Msambweni	12%	25%	25%	37%	42%	25%

1 Overall just over 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- 2 The learning levels in Kwale County were below the national average.
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Msambweni where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was much higher than the national average.
- 3 Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was on par with the national average.
- Msambweni was the best performing district in the county for clean drinking water, provision of sanitary towels, in service training for Class 2 teachers and training for teachers of students with special needs.



#### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



Facilities and Training (Average)

Best Performing Districts						
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Kwale					
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kinango					
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kwale					
Parents attending meetings at school	Kwale					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Kinango					

Kwale's performance was worse than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators and was much lower than the national average in terms of parents attending meetings and children in pre-school. There were also many more children out of school in Kwale compared to the national average.

County National Rwale compared to the r 36 Are Our Children Learning? | Literacy and Numeracy in Kenya | 2014

# LAKPIA

### COUNTY RANK

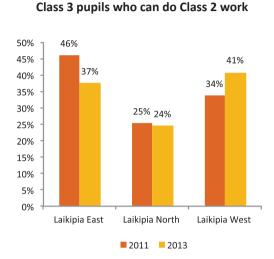
100% 90%

80%

70% 60%

50% 40% 30% 20%

10% 0%



### Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who read Class 2 English read Class 2 Kiswahili can do Class 2 LAIKIPIA Story (average, %) Story (average, %) Division (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2011 2013 Laikipia East 39% 38% 51% 48% 33% 41% Laikipia North 20% 21% 29% 31% 27% 21% Laikipia West 25% 40% 28% 44% 42% 38%

NATIONAL

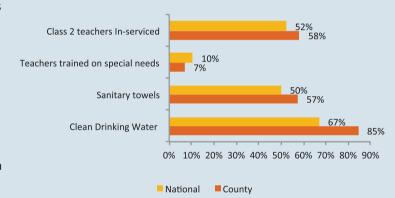
**AVERAGE** 

32%

1 Overall just under 2 out of 5 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Laikipia County were above the national average.

- 3 The best performing district in the county was Laikipia West where 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- 1 The average number of schools in the county providing clean drinking water and sanitary towels were higher than the national averages.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was lower than the national average.
- 3 Laikipia East was the best performing district in the county for clean drinking water, provision of sanitary towels, in service training for Class 2 teachers and training for teachers of students with special needs.



Facilities and Training (Average)

]	91% 85%	<sup>92%</sup> 88%			Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)
			73%	68% 64%	Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit
					Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit
					Parents attending meetings at scho
11%10%					Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)
	Pupil Daily Attendance ate on day c visit	,	Parents attending meetings at school	Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Laikipia's performance was bet average for all enrolment and a with the exception of pupil dai and average children out of sch

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

39%

### County National

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# **Best Performing Districts** ut of school Laikipia East nce Rate on day Laikipia East

Laikipia's performance was better	than the national
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Laikipia West
Parents attending meetings at school	Laikipia West
day of visit	

Laikinia West

rolment and attendance indicators, on of pupil daily attendance rate Iren out of school, which were both slightly worse than the national averages.

# LAMU



# 40% 35% 37% 35% 4 30% 4 25% 4 20% 4 15% 4 5% 4 5% 4 5% 4 5% 4 2011 2013

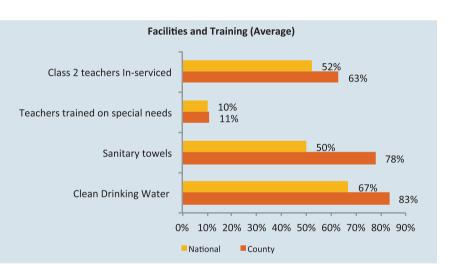
Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

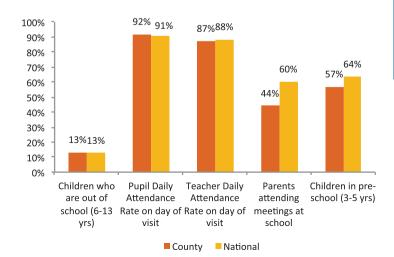
LAMU	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		can rea Kiswal	oupils who nd Class 2 nili Story age, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)		
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013	
Lamu	27%	32%	44%	48%	34%	31%	

1 Overall, less than 4 out of 10 Class 3 pupils were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Lamu County were higher than the national average.

- Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools providing sanitary towels was much than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was also much higher than the national average.





### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Lamu's performance was in line with the national average for some of the enrolment and attendance indicators. However the county had a lower proportion of parents attending meetings and children in preschool than the national average.

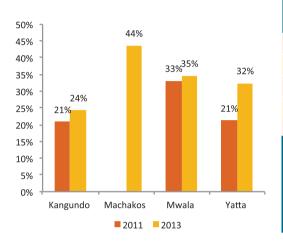
# MACHAKOS

### COUNTY RANK

11

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 



Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

### Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who can **Class 3 pupils who** read Class 2 English read Class 2 Kiswahili can do Class 2 MACHAKOS Story (average, %) Story (average, %) Division (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2011 2013 20% Kangundo 20% 20% 28% 22% 24% Machakos 42% 44% 44% Mwala 29% 26% 37% 32% 34% 46% Yatta 16% 27% 21% 34% 26% 36%

NATIONAL

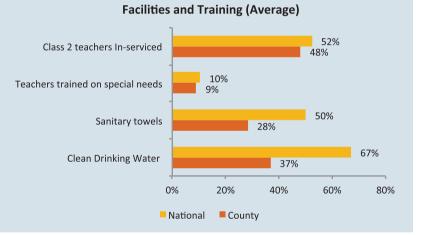
**AVERAGE** 

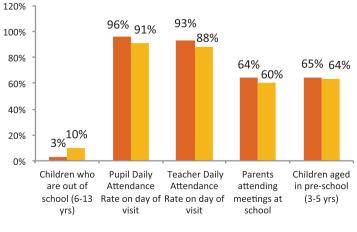
32%

1 Overall 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

37%

- **2** The learning levels in Machakos County were above the national average.
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Machakos where more than 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with Class 2 teacher in-service training, teachers trained on special needs, and supplying sanitary towels and clean drinking water were all lower than the national averages.
- 2 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Mwala and Yatta (tie), provision of sanitary towels - Yatta, teachers trained for special needs - Machakos in service training for Class 2 teachers - Machakos





### County

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Mwala				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Yatta				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Machakos				
Parents attending meetings at school	Machakos				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Mwala				
Machakos's performance was better the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators.					

# MAKUEN

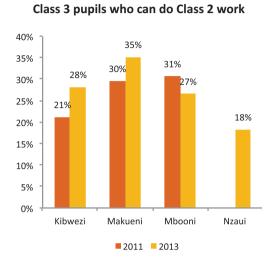
26

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

27%

# COUNTY RANK



### Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who can **Class 3 pupils who** read Class 2 English read Class 2 Kiswahili can do Class 2 MAKUENI Story (average, %) Story (average, %) Division (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2011 2013 Kibwezi 19% 27% 26% 33% 18% 25% Makueni 25% 33% 29% 38% 35% 35% Mbooni 31% 21% 35% 29% 26% 30% Nzaui 14% 14% 28%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

Overall just over 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.
 The learning levels in Makueni County were below the national average.
 The best performing district in the county was Makueni where less than 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water and supplying sanitary towels were both slightly lower than the national averages.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both higher than the national averages.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Mbooni, provision of sanitary towels - Makueni, teachers trained for special needs - Makueni, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Nzaui



120% 96% 91% 100% 89%88% 80% 58%<sup>64%</sup> 63%60% 60% 40% 20% 6% <sup>10%</sup> 0% Children who Pupil Daily Teacher Dailv Parents Children aged are out of Attendance attending in pre-school Attendance school (6-13 Rate on day of Rate on day of meetings at (3-5 yrs) yrs) school visit visit County

# Best Performing DistrictsChildren who are out of school<br/>(6-13 yrs)MbooniPupil Daily Attendance Rate on day<br/>of visitNzauiTeacher Daily Attendance Rate on<br/>day of visitNzauiParents attending meetings at schoolKibweziChildren in pre-school (3-5 yrs)Makueni

Makueni's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were less children in pre-school.

Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# MANDERA

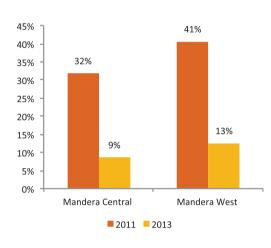
COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

### COUNTY RANK

# Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

46



MANDERA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Clas	pils who can s 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Mandera Central	33%	9%	33%	8%	30%	9%
Mandera West	42%	16%	42%	17%	39%	6%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

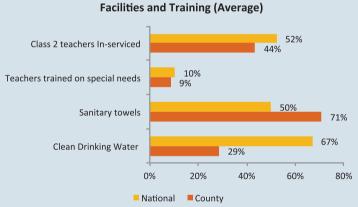
1 Overall 1 out of 10 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

10%

2 The learning levels in Mandera County were far below the national average.

**3** The best performing district in the county was Mandera West where just over 1 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

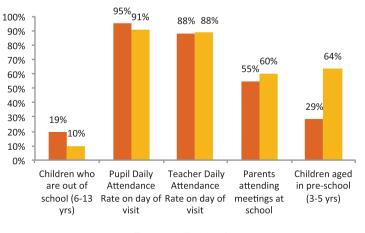
- The average number of schools in the county supplying sanitary towels was higher than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was substantially lower than the national average.
- 3 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher inservice training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both lower than the national averages.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water Mandera Central, provision of sanitary towels - Mandera West, teachers trained for special needs - Mandera West, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Mandera West



Best Performing Districts				
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Mandera Central			
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Mandera West			
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Mandera Central			
Parents attending meetings at school	Mandera West			
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Mandera Central			
Mandera's performance was in lin	e with the national			

Mandera's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators, with the exception of average children aged 3-5 years in pre-school, which was much lower than the national average.

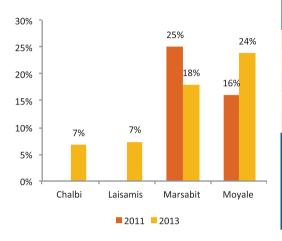
# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



County National

# MARSABIT

### COUNTY NATIONAL COUNTY 38 18% 32% RANK **AVERAGE** AVERAGE



Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

MARSABIT	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Class	pils who can s 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Chalbi		10%		10%		0%
Laisamis		6%		6%		9%
Marsabit	23%	15%	24%	21%	28%	18%
Moyale	12%	23%	19%	25%	17%	23%

1 Overall just under 1 out of 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Marsabit County were below the national average.

**3** The best performing district in the county was Moyale where 1 out of every 4 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county 1 supplying clean drinking water and sanitary towels were higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service training was much lower than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was on par with the national average.
- 3 Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Marsabit, provision of sanitary towels - Marsabit, teachers trained for special needs - Marsabit, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Moyale

100%

90%

80%

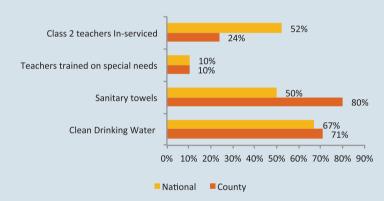
70%

60% 50%

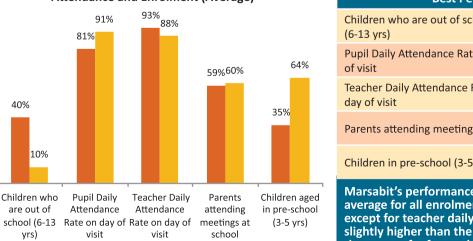
40% 30% 20%

10% 0% 40%

vrs)



Facilities and Training (Average)



### County National

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

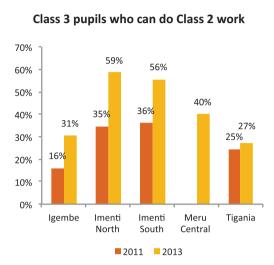
Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Moyale				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Marsabit				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Chalbi				
Parents attending meetings at school	Chalbi				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Moyale				

Marsabit's performance was worse than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators, except for teacher daily attendance rate, which was slightly higher than the national average. In particular, there were far fewer children in pre-school aged 3 to 5 years) and many more children out of school (aged 6 to 13 years).

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# MERU

### COUNTY RANK



5

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

### Class 3 pupils who can Class 3 pupils who can **Class 3 pupils who** read Class 2 Kiswahili can do Class 2 read Class 2 English MERU Division (average, %) Story (average, %) Story (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2013 2013 2011 30% 17% 30% 32% Igembe 13% 19% Imenti North 58% 43% 32% 75% 29% 43% Imenti South 35% 48% 39% 63% 56% 34% Meru Central 40% 45% 35% Tigania 19% 22% 25% 30% 27% 32%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

1 Overall 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

42%

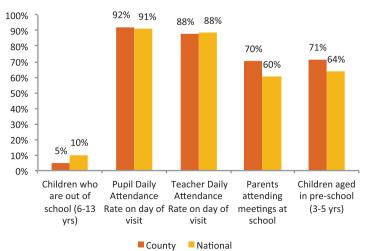
2 The learning levels in Meru County were above the national average.

- 3 The best performing district in the county was Imenti North where 6 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
  - Facilities and Training (Average) Class 2 teachers In-serviced ry Teachers trained on special needs Sanitary towels Clean Drinking Water National County

Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Tigania				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Tigania				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Igembe				
Parents attending meetings at school	Meru Central				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Imenti North				

Meru's performance was on par with or better than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. In particular many more parents attended meetings at school than the national average.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water and training for those teaching students with special needs were both higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels and with Class 2 teacher in-service training were both lower than the national averages.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Meru Central, provision of sanitary towels - Imenti North, teachers trained for special needs - Imenti North, in service training for Class 2 teachers -Meru Central



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# MIGORI

### COUNTY RANK

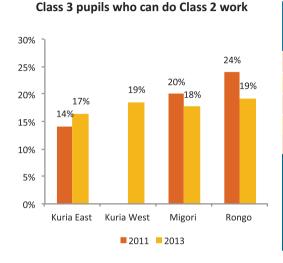


# COUNTY AVERAGE

18%

# NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



MIGORI	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Clas	pils who can s 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kuria East	12%	11%	15%	20%	16%	19%
Kuria West		18%		27%		11%
Migori	18%	18%	19%	16%	23%	19%
Rongo	21%	17%	21%	21%	30%	21%

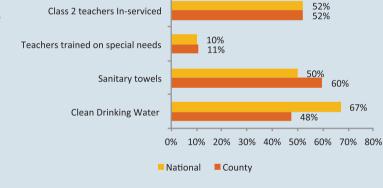
1 Overall only 2 out of every 10 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

**2** The learning levels in Migori County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Rongo where 2 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was higher than the national average.
- 3 Training for those teaching students with special needs and in service training for Class 2 teachers were both on par with the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Kuria West, provision of sanitary towels - Kuria West, teachers trained for special needs - Kuria East, in service training for Class 2 teachers -Rongo

100%

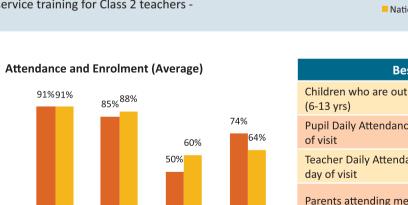


Facilities and Training (Average)

Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Rongo				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Migori				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Migori				
Parents attending meetings at school	Rongo				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Rongo				

Migori's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. although, on average, less parents attended meetings and more children attended pre-school than national averages.

90% 74% 80% 64% 70% 60% 60% 50% 50% 40% 30% 20% 9% 10% 10% 0% Children aged Children who Pupil Daily Teacher Daily Parents are out of Attendance Attendance attending in pre-school school (6-13 Rate on day of Rate on day of meetings at (3-5 yrs) yrs) visit visit school County National



# MOMBASA

10

### COUNTY RANK

100%

90% 80%

70% 60%

50% 40%

30%

20%

10%

0%

# Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work 67% 70% 60% 50% 43% 40% 30% 30% 20% 10% 0% Kilindini Mombasa 2011 2013

MOMBASA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Class	s 2 Kiswahili	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kilindini	0%	32%	0%	32%	0%	27%
Mombasa	67%	40%	69%	43%	64%	44%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

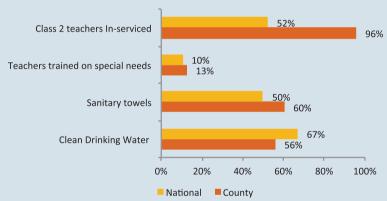
32%

1 Overall just under 4 out of every 10 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Mombasa County were above the national average.

**3** The best performing district in the county was Mombasa where 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county 1 providing sanitary towels, with Class 2 teacher in-service training and teachers trained on special needs were all higher than the national averages.
- In particular, in service training for Class 2 teachers (2)almost reached 100%.
- 3 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Mombasa, provision of sanitary towels - Mombasa, teachers trained for special needs - Kilindini, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Kilindini



Facilities and Training (Average)

,	Descretionning
92% 91% 93% 88%	Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)
60% 72%	Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit
51%	Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit
11%	Parents attending meetings at school
11% 10%	Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)
Children whoPupil DailyTeacher DailyParentsChildren agedare out ofAttendanceAttendanceattendingin pre-schoolschool (6-13Rate on day of Rate on day ofmeetings at(3-5 yrs)yrs)visitvisitschool	wiolinguou o periorinanee was in

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

38%

Are Ou

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

	vere more child o national aver	 nool when	
			<u>س</u> ار



meetings at school

Mombasa

Kilindini

Kilindini

Kilindini

formance was in line with the national

nrolment and attendance indicators

were attending meetings at school

			11
r Children Learning?	Literacy and Numeracy in Kenya	2014	4

County

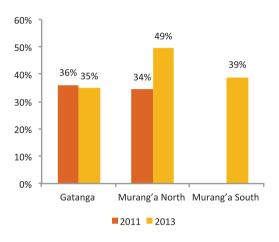
# MURANG'A

### COUNTY RANK

5

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 



Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

MURANG'A	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		0		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Gatanga	35%	33%	42%	36%	31%	36%
Murang'a North	35%	48%	35%	53%	33%	47%
Murang'a South		28%		40%		49%

NATIONAL

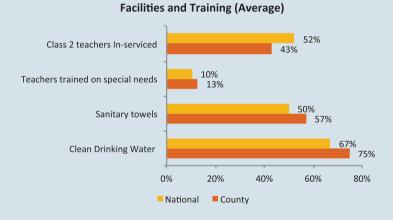
AVERAGE

32%

1 Overall 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

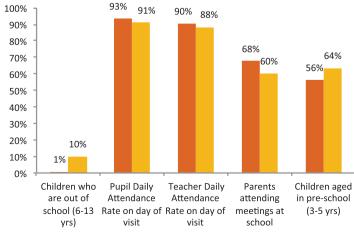
42%

- **2** The learning levels in Murang'a County were above the national average.
- **3** The best performing district in the county was Murang'a North where 5 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water, training for those teaching students with special needs and supplying sanitary towels were all higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service training was lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Gatanga, provision of sanitary towels - Murang'a North, teachers trained for special needs -Murang'a South, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Murang'a South



Best Performing Districts				
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Murang'a North & Murang'a South			
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Murang'a North			
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Gatanga			
Parents attending meetings at school	Murang'a North			
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Gatanga			
Muranga's performance was better the national				

Muranga's performance was better the national average for most enrolment and attendance indicators, but on average less children attended preschool than the national average.



County National

Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

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# NAIROBI

### COUNTY RANK

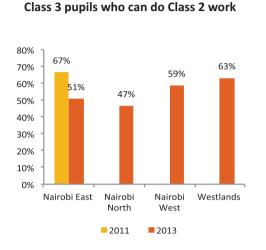
3

# COUNTY AVERAGE

52%

# NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



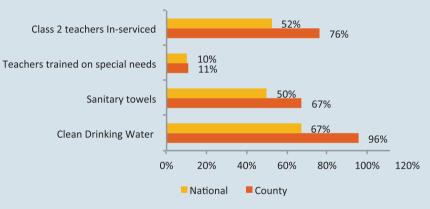
NAIROBI	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Nairobi East	70%	58%	72%	50%	58%	44%
Nairobi North		51%		47%		42%
Nairobi West		61%		67%		48%
Westlands		77%		59%		54%

Overall 1 out of every 2 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.
 The learning levels in Nairobi County were much higher than the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Westlands where 6 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

Facilities and Training (Average)

- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water, teachers trained on special needs, Class
   2 teacher in-service training and those supplying sanitary towels were all higher than the national averages.
- 2 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Nairobi West and Westlands (tie), provision of sanitary towels - Nairobi East, teachers trained for special needs - Nairobi North, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Nairobi West



Children who are out of

**Pupil Daily Attendance Rate** 

Teacher Daily Attendance

Parents Attending meetings

Rate on day of visit

Children in pre-school

national average.

school (6-13 yrs)

on day of visit

at school

(3-5 yrs)

**Best Performing Districts** 

Nairobi East

Westlands

Westlands

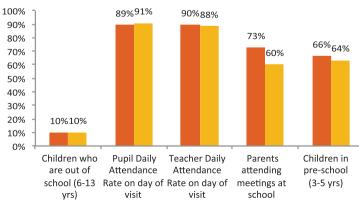
Nairobi West

Nairobi's performance was in line with the national

average for all enrolment and attendance indicators

although more parents attended meetings than the

Nairobi North



County National

### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

			117
Are Our Children Learning?   Litera	acy and Numeracy in Kenya	2014	41

# NAKURU

### COUNTY RANK

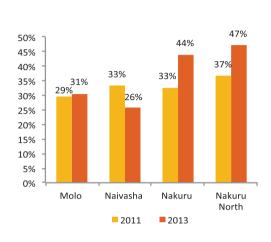
# 14

# COUNTY AVERAGE

35%

# NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

NAKURU	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Molo	23%	24%	33%	30%	32%	38%
Naivasha	33%	19%	45%	26%	22%	32%
Nakuru	31%	43%	32%	44%	35%	45%
Nakuru North	39%	44%	42%	58%	29%	40%

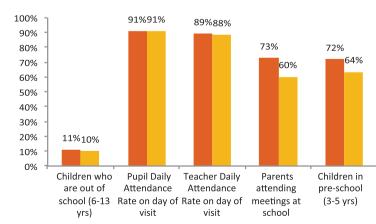
1 Overall just over 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- **2** The learning levels in Nakuru County were above the national average.
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Nakuru North where almost 5 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work
- The average number of schools in the county providing clean drinking water and sanitary towels were both higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was slightly lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Nakuru, provision of sanitary towels - Nakuru North, teachers trained for special needs -Nakuru, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Nakuru



Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Naivasha				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Nakuru North				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Nakuru North				
Parents attending meetings at school	Molo and Nakuru				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Nakuru North				

Nakuru's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although more parents attended meetings and more children attended pre-school than the national average.

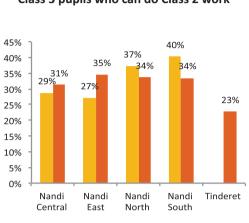


Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

### County National

# NANDI

### COUNTY RANK



2011 2013

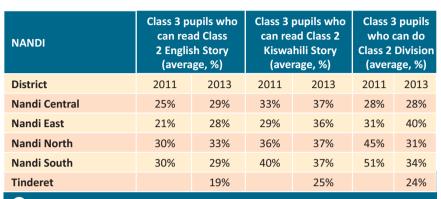
# Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

17

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

32%



NATIONAL

**AVERAGE** 

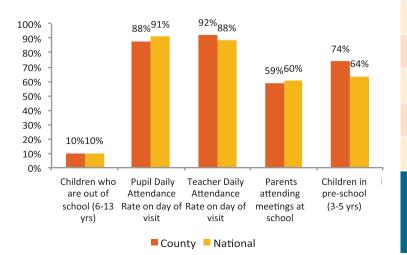
32%

1 Overall 1 out of every 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

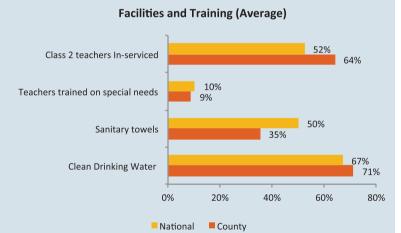
2 The learning levels in Nandi County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Nandi East where just over 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was higher than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- 3 Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was slightly lower than the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Tinderet, provision of sanitary towels - Nandi East, teachers trained for special needs - Nandi East, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Nandi North



### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



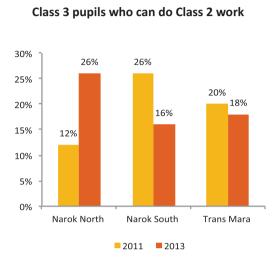
# Best Performing DistrictsChildren who are out of school<br/>(6-13 yrs)Nandi CentralPupil Daily Attendance Rate on<br/>day of visitNandi NorthTeacher Daily Attendance Rate<br/>on day of visitNandi NorthParents attending meetings at<br/>schoolNandi East

Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs) Nandi North

Nandi's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were more children in pre-school.

# AROK

### COUNTY RANK



36

### **Class 3 pupils who Class 3 pupils who Class 3 pupils** can read Class can read Class 2 who can do 2 English Story **Kiswahili Story Class 2 Division** NAROK (average, %) (average, %) (average, %) District 2011 2011 2011 2013 2013 2013 **Narok North** 10% 16% 9% 23% 23% 32% **Narok South** 24% 11% 27% 12% 26% 24% **Trans Mara** 15% 14% 22% 19% 22% 21%

NATIONAL

**AVERAGE** 

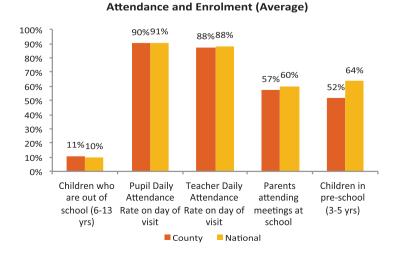
32%

1 Overall only 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Narok County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Narok North where 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the country supplying sanitary towels and with clean drinking water were both higher than the national averages.
- The average number of schools with Class 2  $\mathbf{2}$ teacher in-service training and teachers trained on special needs were both lower than the national averages.
- 3 Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Narok North, provision of sanitary towels - Narok North, teachers trained for special needs - Narok South, in service training for Class 2 teachers -Trans Mara

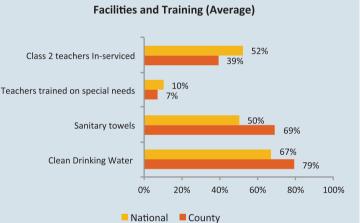


Class 2 teachers In-serviced Teachers trained on special needs Sanitary towels

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

20%



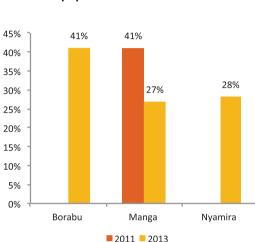
Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Trans Mara				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Narok South				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Narok North				
Parents attending meetings at school	Narok North				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Trans Mara				

Narok's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were less children in pre-school.

# NYAMIRA

20

### COUNTY RANK



Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

### Class 3 pupils who **Class 3 pupils who Class 3 pupils** can read Class 2 can read Class who can do 2 English Story **Kiswahili Story Class 2 Division** NYAMIRA (average, %) (average, %) (average, %) District 2011 2013 2011 2011 2013 Borabu 36% 41%

22%

25%

30%

36%

NATIONAL

**AVERAGE** 

32%

43%

2013

46%

34%

31%

1 Overall 3 out of every 10 children in Class 3 were was able to do Class 2 work.

45%

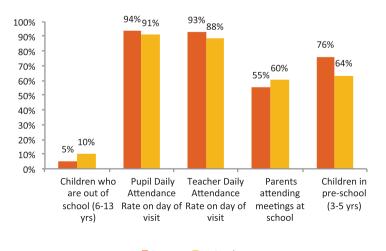
25%

29%

2) The learning levels in Nyamira County were just below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Borabu where 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water, Class 2 teacher inservice training and supplying sanitary towels were all lower than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with training for those teaching students with special needs was on par with the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Nyamira, provision of sanitary towels - Manga, teachers trained for special needs -Manga, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Borabu



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

County National



### **Best Performing Districts** Children who are out of school Nyamira (6-13 yrs) Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day Borabu of visit Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on Borabu day of visit Parents attending meetings at school Borabu Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs) Manga Nyamira's performance was in line with the national

average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were higher rates of pre-school attendance among 3 to 5 year olds in the county.

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

Manga

Nyamira

# JYANDARUA

13

### COUNTY RANK

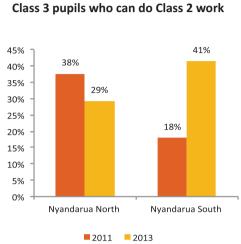
# COUNTY

# **AVERAGE**

36%

NATIONAL **AVERAGE** 

32%



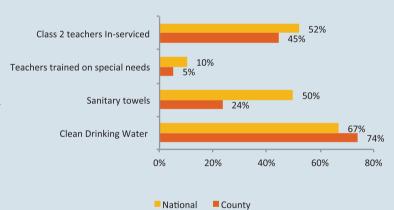
NYANDARUA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		can read Class can read Class 2 2 English Story Kiswahili Story		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Nyandarua North	34%	33%	42%	31%	37%	23%
Nyandarua South	9%	40%	13%	45%	32%	40%

1 Overall just under 1 out of 3 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work. 2 The learning levels in Nyandarua County were on par with the national

average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Nyandarua South where 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was higher than the national average.
- The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels, with Class 2 teacher in-service training and with teachers trained on special needs were all lower than the national averages.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Nyandarua North, provision of sanitary towels - Nyandarua North, teachers trained for special needs - Nyandarua South, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Nyandarua North

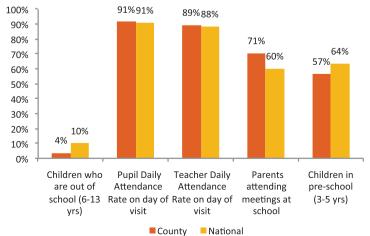


Facilities and Training (Average)

Best Performing Districts					
Nyndarua South					
Nyandarua South					
Nyandarua South					
Nyandarua North					
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs) Nyandarua North					

national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators although there were more parents on average attending meetings at school than the national average.

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)





# NYERI

### COUNTY RANK

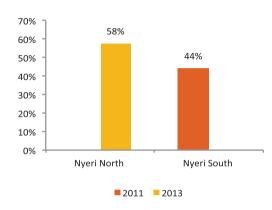


# Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

58%



NYERI	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Nyeri North		48%		63%		63%
Nyeri South	42%		49%		42%	

NATIONAL

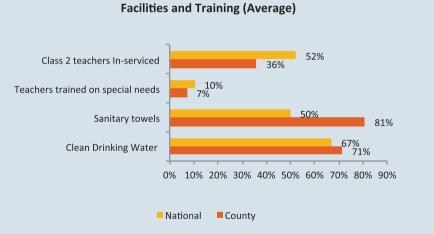
AVERAGE

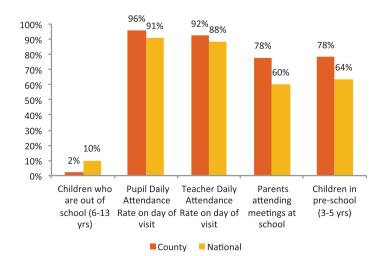
32%

1 Overall just under 3 out of 5 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Nyeri County were above the national average, and the best in the country.

- 3 The best performing district in the county was Nyeri North where just under 6 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county supplying clean drinking water and sanitary towels were higher than the national averages.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training and training for those teaching students with special needs were both lower than the national averages.
- 3 Data were not collected from Nyeri South in 2013.





# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Nyeri's performance was better than the national average for all enrolment and and attendance indicators. Nyeri was particularly strong in terms of parents attending meetings with an average of 4 out of 5 parents doing so compared to a national average of 3 out of 5. Similarly there were much higher rates of children attending pre-school in Nyeri when compared to the national average.

# SAMBURU

### COUNTY RANK

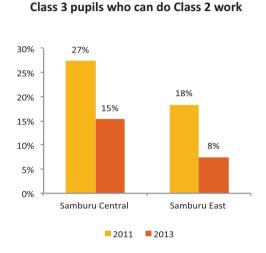
# 45

# COUNTY **AVERAGE**

13%

# NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%

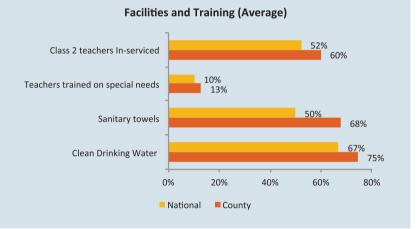


SAMBURU	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Samburu Central	24%	16%	28%	17%	29%	13%
Samburu East	14%	8%	24%	12%	17%	2%

1 Overall just over 1 out of 10 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

**2** The learning levels in Samburu County were well below the national average.

- **3** The best performing district in the county was Samburu Central where just over 1 out of 7 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water, supplying sanitary towels, and with Class 2 teacher in-service training and teachers trained on special needs were all higher than the national averages.
- 2 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Samburu Central, provision of sanitary towels - Samburu East, teachers trained for special needs - Samburu East, in service training for Class 2 teachers -Samburu East



Children who are out of school

Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day

(6-13 yrs)

100% - 90% -		90%91%	85% <sup>88%</sup>		
80% - 70% -				60%	64%
60% -				56% <sup>60%</sup>	49%
50% - 40% -					
30% - 20% -	21%				
10% - 0% +					
	Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Parents attending meetings at school	Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# Samburu Central of visit Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on Samburu East day of visit Samburu East Parents attending meetings at school Samburu Central Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs) Samburu's performance was worse than the national

**Best Performing Districts** 

Samburu Central

average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. Samburu performed particularly poorly in terms of the number of children in pre-school which was well below the national average.

County National

# COUNTY RANK

0%

100%

90% 80% 70%

60% 50% 40%

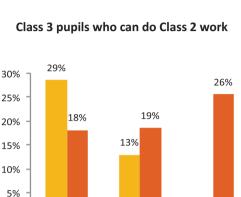
30%

20% 10%

0%

Bondo

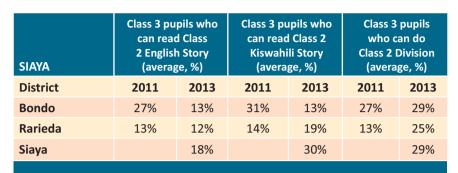
2011



Rarieda

Siaya

32



23%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

**1** Overall just under 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Siaya County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Siaya where 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water and supplying sanitary towels were both higher than the national averages.

2013

- Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was on par with the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Siaya, provision of sanitary towels - Bondo, teachers trained for special needs - Bondo, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Siaya



**Best Performing Districts** 

The County had more children in pre-school as

compared to the national average.

	Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Rarieda
<sup>94%</sup> 91% 88%88%	Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Siaya
54%	Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Rarieda
12%10%	Parents attending meetings at school	Siaya
	Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Bondo
Children who     Pupil Daily     Teacher Daily     Parents     Children in       are out of     Attendance     Attendance     attending     pre-school       school (6-13     Rate on day of Rate on day of     meetings at     (3-5 yrs)       yrs)     visit     school	Siaya's performance was in line average for all enrolment and at	

<u> ...</u>

COUNTY

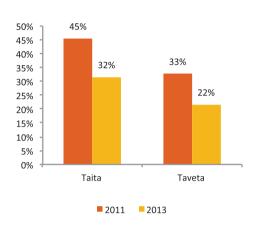
**AVERAGE** 

County National

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# TAITA TAVETA

# COUNTY RANK 22 COUNTY AVERAGE 29% NATIONAL 32%



Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

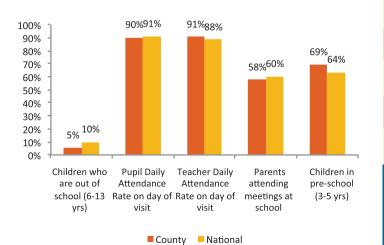
TAITA TAVETA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Taita	39%	32%	53%	36%	44%	27%
Taveta	20%	17%	38%	26%	40%	22%

1 Overall only 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

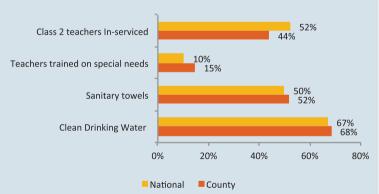
**2** The learning levels in Taita Taveta County were below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Taita where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was equivalent to the national average, as was the average number of schools supplying sanitary towels.
- 2 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service training was lower than the national average.
- 3 Training for those teaching students with special needs in Taita Taveta was higher than the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Taveta, provision of sanitary towels - Taveta, teachers trained for special needs - Taita, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Taveta



### Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



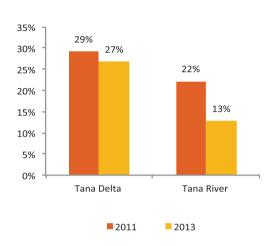
Facilities and Training (Average)

Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Taveta				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Taveta				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Taveta				
Parents attending meetings at school	Taita				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Taita				

Taita Taveta's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators.

# ANA RIVER

### COUNTY NATIONAL COUNTY 32% 38 18% RANK **AVERAGE** AVERAGE

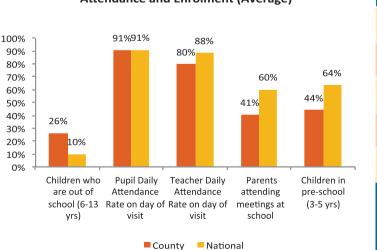


Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

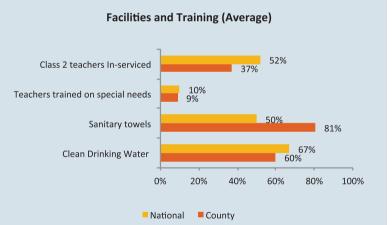
TANA RIVER	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Tana Delta	15%	21%	40%	33%	32%	27%
Tana River	17%	9%	27%	22%	23%	7%

1 Overall fewer than 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- **2** The learning levels in Tana River County were below the national average.
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Tana Delta where just over 1 out of 4 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county supplying sanitary towels was substantially higher than the national average.
- The average number of schools with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training was lower than the national average while training for those teaching students with special needs was on par with the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water -Tana River, provision of sanitary towels - Tana Delta, teachers trained for special needs - Tana Delta, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Tana Delta



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Tana Delta				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Tana River				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Tana River				
Parents attending meetings at school	Tana Delta				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Tana Delta				
Tana River's performance was on par with the national average for pupil attendance rate, but substantially worse than the national average on all other enrolment and attendance indicators.					

57

# THARAKA-NITH

# COUNTY RANK

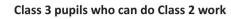
# COUNTY

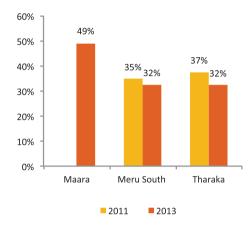
**AVERAGE** 

39%

# NATIONAL **AVERAGE**

32%





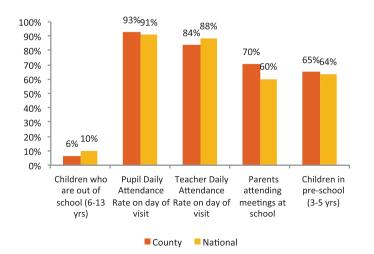
THARAKA NITHI	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Maara		49%		39%		44%
Meru South	35%	32%	28%	36%	38%	35%
Tharaka	37%	32%	33%	25%	35%	33%

1 Overall just under 2 out of every 5 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in Tharaka Nithi County were above the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Maara where 1 out of 2 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was higher than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools with Class 2 teacher in-service training was lower than the national average.
- Provision of sanitary towels and teachers trained on special needs in the county were on par with the national averages.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Maara, provision of sanitary towels - Tharaka, teachers trained for special needs - Meru South, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Maara



# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



Best Performing Districts				
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Meru South			
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Maara			
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Maara			
Parents attending meetings at school	Tharaka			
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Tharaka			

Tharaka Nithi's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. However, the average for parents attending meetings in the county was higher than the national average.

# TRANS NZOLA

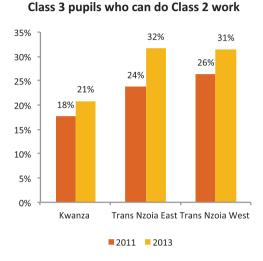
### COUNTY RANK



COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

28%



TRANS NZOIA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Clas	pils who can s 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Kwanza	14%	18%	20%	23%	19%	21%
Trans Nzoia East	17%	28%	28%	39%	26%	28%
Trans Nzoia West	19%	30%	29%	37%	42%	27%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

1 Overall just under 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- 2 The learning levels in Trans Nzoia were below the national average.
- **3** The best performing district in the county was Trans Nzoia East where 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water was on par with the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training was on par with the national average while training for those teaching students with special needs was lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water Trans Nzoia West, provision of sanitary towels - Kwanza, teachers trained for special needs - Trans Nzoia West, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Trans Nzoia West.

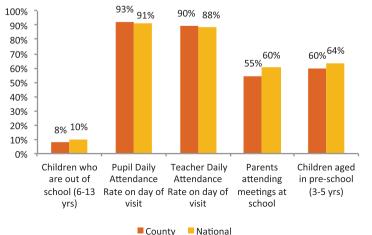


Best Performing Districts					
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Trans Nzoia West				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Kwanza				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Trans Nzoia East				
Parents attending meetings at school	Trans Nzoia East				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Trans Nzoia East				
Trans Nzoia's performance was in line with the					

Trans Nzoia's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators.

59

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



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# TURKANA

# COUNTY RANK



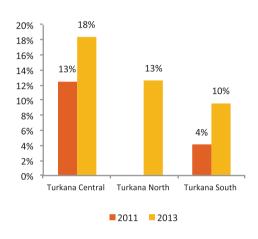
# COUNTY AVERAGE

# 14%

# NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%

# Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work



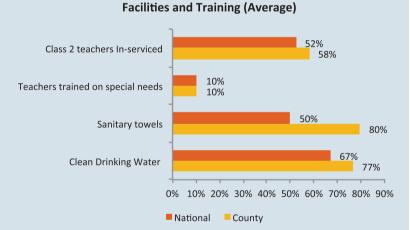
TURKANA	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Turkana Central	13%	18%	9%	15%	16%	23%
Turkana North		13%		13%		13%
Turkana South	4%	10%	4%	12%	4%	14%

1 Overall fewer than 1 out of 7 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

**2** The learning levels in Turkana County were well below the national average.

3 The best performing district in the county was Turkana Central where just under 2 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- 1 The average number of schools in the county providing sanitary towels, with clean drinking water, and with Class 2 teacher in-service training were all higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with teachers trained on special needs was on par with the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Turkana Central, provision of sanitary towels - Turkana Central, teachers trained for special needs - Turkana Central, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Turkana South



100% - 90% -		91% 83%	88%		
80% -		0070	69%		
70% -				56% <sup>60%</sup>	60% <sup>64%</sup>
60% - 50% -					
40% -	32%				
30% -					
20% -	13%				
070	Children who are out of	Pupil Daily Attendance	Teacher Daily Attendance	Parents attending	Children in pre-school
			f Rate on day of visit	meetings at school	(3-5 yrs)
		Co	ounty Nation	al	

# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

Best Performing DistrictsChildren who are out of school<br/>(6-13 yrs)Turkana CentralPupil Daily Attendance Rate on day<br/>of visitTurkana CentralTeacher Daily Attendance Rate on<br/>day of visitTurkana SouthParents attending meetings at schoolTurkana CentralChildren in pre-school (3-5 yrs)Turkana Central

Turkana's performance was worse than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. Turkana performed particularly poorly, in relation to the national average, in terms of teacher attendance and children being out of school.

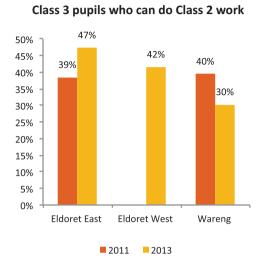
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# UASIN GISHU

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

### COUNTY RANK



UASIN GISHU	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Eldoret East	41%	52%	51%	60%	24%	30%
Eldoret West		35%		45%		45%
Wareng	39%	29%	49%	32%	42%	30%

39%

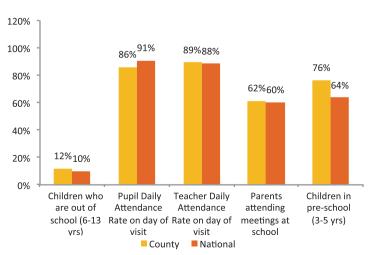
NATIONAL

AVERAGE

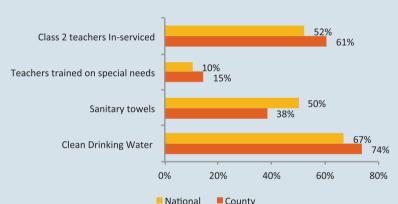
32%

1 Overall just under 2 out of 4 children in Class 3 were able to do Class 2 work.

- **2** The learning levels in Uasin Gishu County were above the national average.
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Eldoret East where just under 5 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water, Class 2 teacher in-service training and teachers trained on special needs were all higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was lower than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water
   Eldoret West, provision of sanitary towels Eldoret West, teachers trained for special needs
   Eldoret East, in service training for Class 2
   teachers Eldoret West



Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



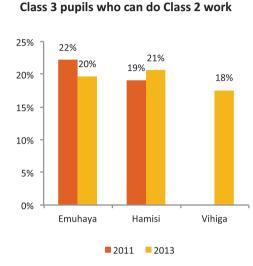
Facilities and Training (Average)

Best Performing Districts				
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Eldoret West			
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Eldoret East			
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Eldoret West			
Parents attending meetings at school	Eldoret West			
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Eldoret East			
Llasin Gishu's performance was in line with the				

Uasin Gishu's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators. However the county average for children in pre-school was much lower than the national average.

# VIHIGA

### COUNTY RANK



37

COUNTY

**AVERAGE** 

### Class 3 pupils who Class 3 pupils who **Class 3 pupils** can read Class 2 can read Class who can do 2 English Story **Kiswahili Storv Class 2 Division** VIHIGA (average, %) (average, %) (average, %) District 2011 2011 2013 2011 2013 2013 Emuhaya 19% 17% 24% 22% 24% 20% Hamisi 17% 20% 26% 14% 21% 21% Vihiga 16% 21% 16%

19%

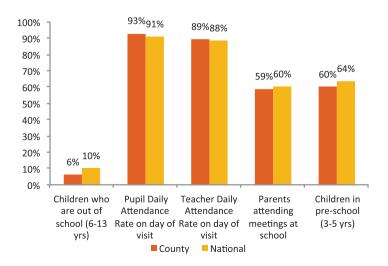
NATIONAL

**AVERAGE** 

32%

1 Overall only 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

- **2** The learning levels in Vihiga County were well below the national average.
- **3** The best performing district in the county was Hamisi where 2 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- The average number of schools in the county supplying sanitary towels was substantially lower than than the national average.
- 2 The average number of schools with clean drinking water was lower than the national average.
- Class 2 teacher in-service training was higher than the national average, while training for those teaching students with special needs was just below the national average.
- 4 Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Vihiga, provision of sanitary towels - Emuhaya, teachers trained for special needs - Emuhaya, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Hamisi



# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)



# Best Performing DistrictsChildren who are out of school<br/>(6-13 yrs)VihigaPupil Daily Attendance Rate on day<br/>of visitHamisiTeacher Daily Attendance Rate on<br/>day of visitEmuhayaParents attending meetings at schoolVihigaChildren in pre-school (3-5 yrs)EmuhayaVihiga's performance was in line with the national

Vihiga's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indictors.

# 62 Are Our Children Learning? | Literacy and Numeracy in Kenya | 2014

# WAJIR

### COUNTY RANK

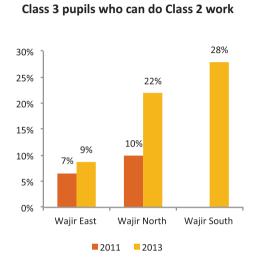


# COUNTY AVERAGE

18%

# NATIONAL AVERAGE

32%



WAJIR	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (Average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 Kiswahili Story (Average, %)		Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (Average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Wajir East	5%	8%	8%	7%	7%	11%
Wajir North	11%	19%	9%	25%	10%	23%
Wajir South		28%		29%		27%
Wajir West	14%	18%	16%	21%	17%	23%

1 Overall fewer than 1 out of every 5 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

**2** The learning levels in Wajir County were below the national average.

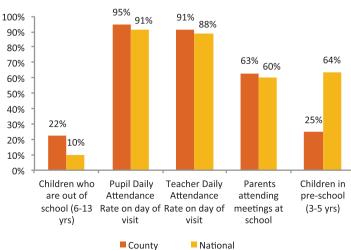
3 The best performing district in the county was Wajir South where just under 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.

- The average number of schools in the county with training for those teaching students with special needs and supplying sanitary towels were both higher than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools with clean drinking water and Class 2 teacher in-service training were both lower than the national averages.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - Wajir East, provision of sanitary towels - Wajir East, teachers trained for special needs - Wajir West, in service training for Class 2 teachers - Wajir North



Best Performing D	Best Performing Districts				
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Wajir East				
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Wajir East				
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Wajir South				
Parents attending meetings at school	Wajir East				
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	Wajir North				
Waiir's performance was in line with the national					

Wajir's performance was in line with the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators, apart from having a higher percentage of children out of school and a lower percentage of children aged 3-5 years in pre-school, compared to the national averages.



# Attendance and Enrolment (Average)

# WEST POKOT

# COUNTY 23 COUNTY AVERAGE

### 40% 37% 35% 34% 33% 35% 28% 30% 24% 25% 20% 15% 10% 5% 0% Pokot Central Pokot North West Pokot 2011 2013

WEST POKOT	Class 3 pupils who can read Class 2 English Story (average, %)		read Class	pils who can s 2 Kiswahili verage, %)	Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 Division (average, %)	
District	2011	2013	2011	2013	2011	2013
Pokot Central	37%	18%	43%	24%	21%	29%
Pokot North	35%	33%	40%	42%	30%	34%
West Pokot	25%	27%	41%	33%	34%	24%

28%

NATIONAL

AVERAGE

32%

1 Overall just under 3 out of 10 children in Class 3 was able to do Class 2 work.

2 The learning levels in West Pokot County were below the national average.

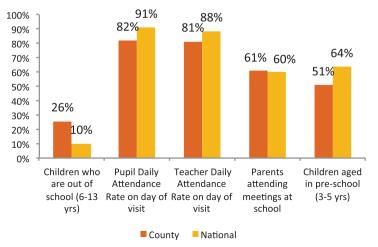
- 3 The best performing district in the county was Pokot North where just under 4 out of 10 children in Class 3 could do Class 2 work.
- 1 The average number of schools in the county with clean drinking water, Class 2 teacher in-service training and teachers trained on special needs were all lower than the national averages.
- 2 The average number of schools supplying sanitary towels was much higher than the national average.
- Best performing districts: clean drinking water - West Pokot, provision of sanitary towels -West Pokot, teachers trained for special needs - Pokot Central, in service training for Class 2 teachers -West Pokot



Best Performing Districts				
Children who are out of school (6-13 yrs)	Pokot Central			
Pupil Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	West Pokot			
Teacher Daily Attendance Rate on day of visit	Pokot North			
Parents attending meetings at school	Pokot North			
Children in pre-school (3-5 yrs)	West Pokot			

West Pokot's performance was worse than the national average for all enrolment and attendance indicators, with the exception of the average number of parents attending meetings at school, which was equivalent to the national average. West Pokot performed particularly poorly in terms of the number of children out of school, as compared to the national average.





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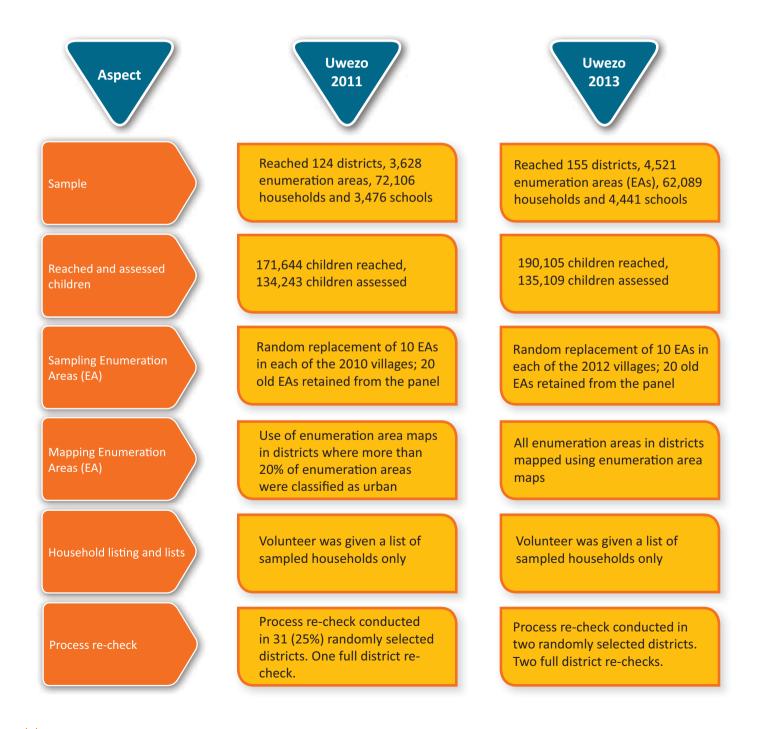
# Class 3 pupils who can do Class 2 work

# METHODOLOGY



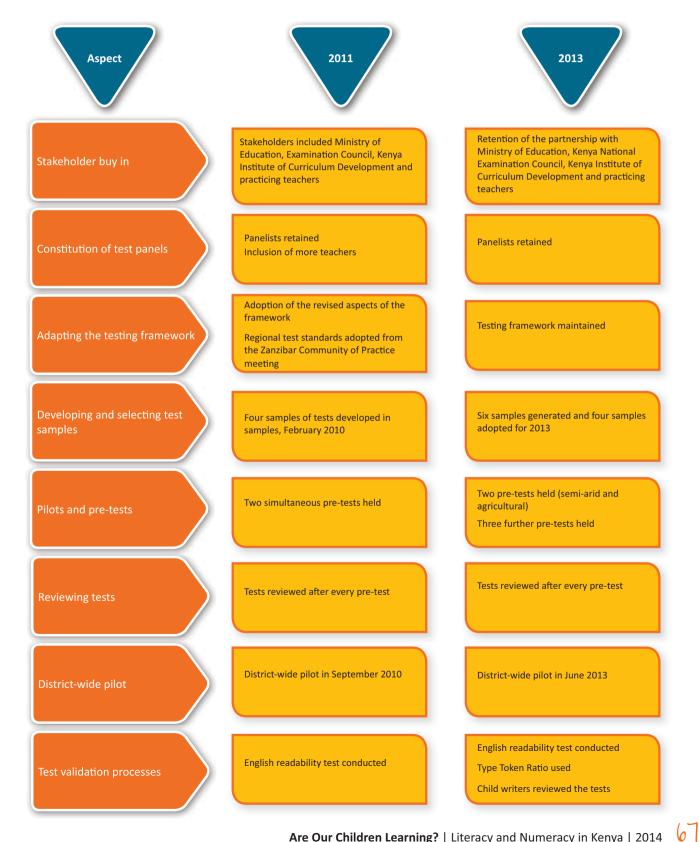
# SELECTING DISTRICTS, ENUMERATION AREAS AND HOUSEHOLDS

The sample frame for the 2013 assessment was drawn from the 158 districts that form the Kenya sampling frame according to the Kenya National Bureau of Statistics. However, data were collected in 155 districts. The survey was not carried out in Nyeri South and Samburu North districts while Kirinyaga district was surveyed but not reported due to challenges with data quality (see details about the sampling frame at the end of this report). The flowchart below shows the number of districts, EAs, households and children sampled in 2011 and 2013.



# TESTING TOOLS AND PROCESSES

The 2013 testing processes were largely similar to the 2011 processes, as indicated in the flowchart below. The tests were taken through more rigour on reliability with the adaptation of the Type Token Ration analysis as applied by ASER in India. This was in addition to the readability tests in English paragraphs and story. The test development framework was retained.

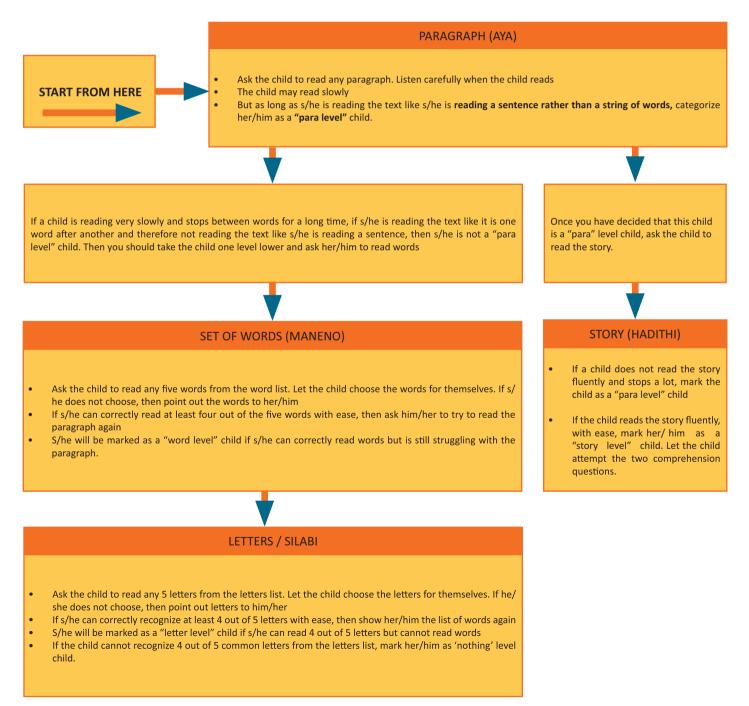


# TESTING ENGLISH AND KISWAHILI READING AND COMPREHENSION

English and Kiswahili reading were tested in four different levels using Class 2 level tests. The levels were letter (*silabi*), words (*maneno*), paragraph (*aya*) and story (*hadithi*). Testing began at the paragraph (*aya*) level then moved up to the story (*hadithi*) or down to words (*maneno*) depending on a child's ability to fluently read a paragraph.

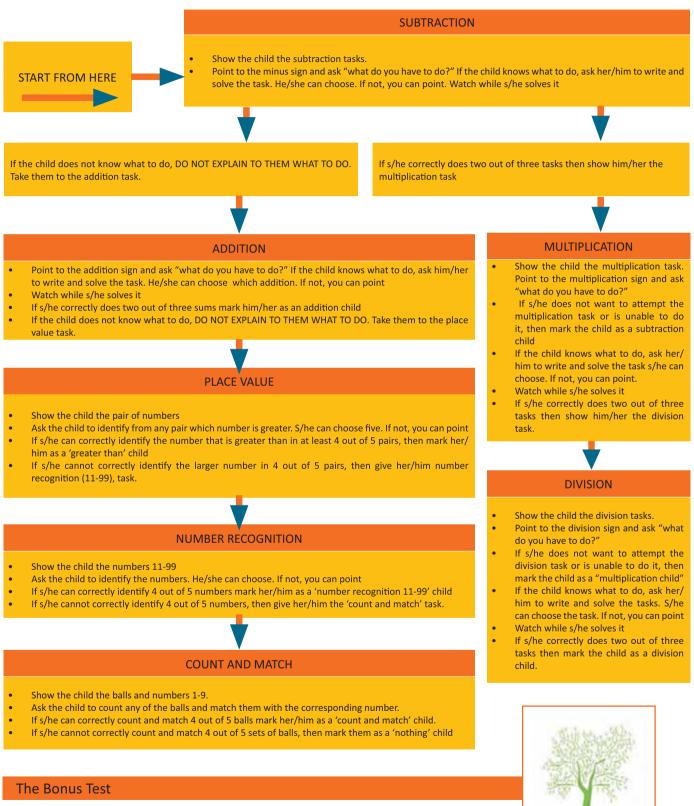
The test administrator assessed the child beginning with the English test followed by the Kiswahili test. There were four samples of tests to be used to allow for variation in households in which more than one child would be tested. Reading for fluency was assessed at the first three levels and reading for comprehension was assessed at the final (story) level.

### How to assess reading and what criteria to use to categorize children



# TESTING NUMERACY

The numeracy test had seven levels namely; count and match, number recognition (10-99), place value, addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Testing began at the subtraction level and moved upwards to multiplication (for children who could subtract) or downwards to addition (for children who could not subtract).



Each child aged 6-16 years was given the bonus test, regardless of her or his literacy or numeracy competency level, or whether in or out of school. In 2013, knowledge of the name and the parts of a tree was tested.



69

# SAMPLING FOR 2013

The sampling for the Uwezo Kenya 2013 Learning Assessment Survey employed multi-stage and stratified random sampling techniques. Using the 2009 Kenya Population and Housing Census report the then 158 districts formed the sampling frame for the survey. All the districts were selected in the survey. The survey targeted 30 enumeration areas (EAs) per district. According to the reference census, an EA refers to a village, part of a village, or a combination of several villages. An EA can range from 50 to 100 households in the rural areas to a maximum of 150 households in urban areas.

In sampling for the 2013 survey, rural and urban Kenya were considered separately. This is due to the fact that rural characteristics are quite different than the urban ones. To determine the number of EAs that could be selected for urban, the total number of households in the district was taken. The EAs to be surveyed (30) were distributed between urban and rural by proportions.

Therefore, in total 4740 EAs were sampled. Out of these, 3160 EAs were a carryover from the 2012 sample, while 1,580 EAs were selected to replace a similar number that was dropped. This is the standard practice employed by Uwezo. The total number of EAs reached, however, was 4521.

In urban areas, sampling was designed to cater for both planned areas and unplanned areas especially in major cities like Nairobi, Mombasa, Kisumu, etc.



# The selection formulae

For EA:  $Pc = C \frac{HH_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N HH_i}$ 

**Pc** = is the EA inclusion probability **C** = is the number of EAs to be selected in the district (30). If the district has both an urban and rural component the number is shared proportionately between the two segments and the number for urban areas is further shared proportionately between planned and unplanned areas.

**HH** = Number of households within a cluster.

For Households:

 $Ph = \frac{h}{HH}$ 

*Ph*= Probability of selection of a household in the EA/cluster*HH* = number of households in the EA/cluster.

The EA is the Primary Sampling Unit (PSU). The Household forms the secondary sampling unit (SSU). The number of PSUs per district was 30 and the number of SSUs was 20 per PSU. Total EAs covered in the country were 4521; Households reached were 62,089; schools reached were 4,441; the number of children aged 3-16 years reached was 190,105; while the number of children surveyed was 135,109.

# Weighting of the data

The weighting of the data was derived from the inverse of the probabilities. The data adjustment was done on Household, EA and district.

# APPENDIX 1: OUR PARTNERS

Our grateful thanks to all the commited citizens who make Uwezo possible.

	DISTRICT	
1	DISTRICT BARINGO CENTRAL	PARTNER ORGANIZATION Community Development and Empowerment Forum(CODEF)
	BARINGO CENTRAL BARINGO NORTH	Silver Springs Youth Group
2		
3	BOMET	SPERD(Strategies For Peace, Education, Research & Dev)
4		Child Rights Center - CRC
5	BORABU	Nyanza Public Alliance
6	BUNGOMA EAST	Widow Empowerment Africa
7	BUNGOMA NORTH	Naitiri Network Group
8	BUNGOMA SOUTH	Western Kenya Human Rights Watch
9	BUNGOMA WEST	Milimo Community Based Health Care
10	BUNYALA	Busia Community Development
11	BURETI	Rural Projects Support Facility
12	BUSIA	Pembe Tatu Community Based Organization
13	BUTERE	Shimanyuli Youth Group
	CHALBI	Pastoralist Community Initiative and Development Assistance (PACIDA)
15	EAST POKOT	East Pokot Peace And Development Initiative
16	ELDORET EAST	Berur Education Foundation & Development Initiative - BEFDEI
17	ELDORET WEST	Uasin Gishu Youth Initiative CBO
18	EMBU	Embu Youth Aids Advocates
19	EMUHAYA	Emmakhwenje Community Learning Resource Centre
20	FAFI	Pastoralist Initiative Organization
21	GARBA TULLA	Garba Tulla Grassroots Initiatives Program
22	GARISSA	Garissa County youth for Peace
23	GATANGA	Youth Action For Rural Development
24	GATUNDU	Buffalo self Help Group
25	GITHUNGURI	Effective Living Network
26	GUCHA	Ogembo Township Poverty Eradication and HIV/ AIDS Youth group
27	GUCHA SOUTH	Volunteers Initiative Network Services Kenya( Vines Kenya)
28	HAMISI	Vision Empowerment Trust
29	HOMABAY	Star of the lake CBO
30	IGEMBE	Goshen Youth Group
31	IJARA	Community Education And Development Programme
32	IMENTI CENTRAL	Hands of Hope & Peace
33	IMENTI NORTH	Total Action Guild of Kenya ( TAG Kenya)
34		
• .	IMENTI SOUTH	Meru Peace Initiative

71

	DISTRICT	PARTNER ORGANIZATION
36	KAJIADO CENTRAL	Dupoto E-maa
37	KAJIADO NORTH	Youth for Change Action Group
38	KAKAMEGA CENTRAL	Action For Child Development Trust
39	KAKAMEGA EAST	youth devevelpmentfoundation
40	KAKAMEGA NORTH	Eunice Wavomba Foundation
41	KAKAMEGA SOUTH	Kakamega Youth and Community Initiatives (KYCI)
42	KALOLENI	Youth Alive CBO
43	KANGUNDO	Maka Childrens' Fund
44	KEIYO	Logogo Youth Group
45	KERICHO	Samoei Community Development Programme
46	KIAMBU	Forum for Community Mobilization (FOFCOM)
47	KIBWEZI	Kibwezi Disabled Persons Organization (KDPO)
48	KIKUYU	Youth for Change Action Group
49	KILIFI	KESHO
50	KILINDINI	Active Youth Community Initiative
51	KINANGO	Kinango Human Rights Network
52	KIPKELION	Londiani Community Health Advocacy Group
53	KISII CENTRAL	Christian Emphasis Women Group
54	KISII SOUTH	The Center for community dialogue
55	KISUMU EAST	Young Christian youth group
56	KISUMU WEST	Humanity for the children international
57	KITUI NORTH	Kitui Development Center
58	KOIBATEK	Vijana Tugutuke Initiative-Koibatek
59	KURIA EAST	Komotobo Mission
60	KURIA WEST	Kuria District Disability Network
61	KWALE	Tushauriane Youth For Development
62	KWANZA	Jamii Focus Initiative
63	KYUSO	Bidii Youth Group
64	LAGDERA	Upendo Wetu Youth Initiative
65	LAIKIPIA EAST	Center for research and Advocacy in Human rights (CERA- Rights)
66	LAIKIPIA NORTH	Helping Orphans Meet Education
67	LAIKIPIA WEST	Youth For Leadership, Education and Development (YLED)
68	LAISAMIS	Nuru Infortech Services Group
69	LAMU	Faith Youth Group
70	LARI	Kijabe Environment Volunteers (KENVO)
71	LIMURU	Rays of Hope Initiative (ROHI)
72	LOITOKTOK	ILLARAMATAK le - MPUSEL (Amboseli Pastoralist community
		Development Initiative)
73	LUGARI	Widow Empowerment Africa
74	MAARA	Maara Welfare group
75	MACHAKOS	Benevolent Institute of Devlopment Studies

	DISTRICT	PARTNER ORGANIZATION
76	MAKUENI	Wote Youth Development Projects
77	MALINDI	Mission For Community Initiative and Development
78	MANDERA CENTRAL	Nomad to Nomad
79	MANDERA EAST	Domestic Animals Welfare Group
80	MANDERA WEST	Action for Sustainable Change (AFOSC-Kenya)
81	MANGA	Ritunda Youth Group
82	MARAKWET	alminae of marakwet university student
83	MARSABIT	Nuru Infortech Services Group
84	MASABA	African Girl International
85	MBEERE	Partners in Art and Contemporary Development (PCOD)
86	MBOONI	Great Stars Youth Group
87	MERU SOUTH	Chuka Youth Information Centre (CYIC)
88	MIGORI	Kimaiga Self Help Group
89	MOLO	Regional Youth Resource and Information Centre
90	MOMBASA	Dream Achievers Youth Organization
91	MOYALE	Strategies for Northern Development (SND)
92	MSAMBWENI	Youth Alive CBO
93	MT. ELGON	Mt.Elgon Resident Association(MERA)
94	MUMIAS	Khaunga Muslim Youth group
95	MURANGA NORTH	Partners in Art and Contemporary Development (PCOD)
96	MURANG'A SOUTH	Mitubiri Family Development Project
97	MUTOMO	Drylands Enterprise Development Initiative
98	MWALA	Mwala Youth Team Initiatives (MYTI)
99	MWINGI	Tahidi Youth Development and Empowerment Organisation CBO
100	NAIROBI EAST	Vision Empowerment Trust
101	NAIROBI NORTH	Youth Initiatives Kenya (YIKE)
102	NAIROBI WEST	Vision Empowerment Trust
103	NAIVASHA	Women In Support of Vulnerable and Orphaned Program
104	NAKURU	Nature and people Network
105	NAKURU NORTH	Regional Youth Resource and Information Centre
106	NANDI CENTRAL	Kapsabet Reds Youth Group
107	NANDI EAST	Youth On The move
108	NANDI NORTH	Community Youth Empowerment Organisation
109	NANDI SOUTH	Terik Essential Programmes and Development
110	NAROK NORTH	Naboisho youth dev org
111	NAROK SOUTH	Christian Emphasis Women Group
112	NYAMIRA	Dawima Resources For Transformation S.H.G
113	NYANDARUA NORTH	Kenya Youth Education and Development Program (KYCEP)
114	NYANDARUA SOUTH	Engineer Broad Vision Group
115	NYANDO	Magunga Footsteps Child Support Group
116	NYERI NORTH	Modern Moguls Investment Youth Group
117	NZAUI	Wote Youth Development Projects

	DISTRICT	PARTNER ORGANIZATION
118	POKOT CENTRAL	Kaitapos Integrated Development Programme
119	POKOT NORTH	Krakow Culture and Development Organization
120	RACHUONYO	Softlab Youth Group
121	RARIEDA	Ruma Women Group
122	RONGO	Women Outreach Programme (WOP)
123	RUIRU	Ruiru Aids Awarenes Group (RAAG)
124	SAMBURU CENTRAL	Samburu Women
125	SAMBURU EAST	Kamanga Rehabilitation and Resource Centre
126	SAMIA	Arise and Shine Youth Group
127	SIAYA	YAWOSUP
128	SOTIK	Kapletundo Youth Community Organisation
129	SUBA	Victoria Agricultural & Environmental Conservation Organization (VIAGENCO)
130	TAITA	Binti Africa Foundation
131	TANA DELTA	Mapato Community Based Organisation
132	TANA -RIVER	Kenya Sustainable Health Aid (KESHA)
133	TAVETA	Taveta Children Assistant
134	TESO NORTH	Friends of Environment Resource and Nature (FERN)
135	TESO SOUTH	Akukuranut Development Trust
136	THARAKA	Strategies for Agropastrolists Development
137	THIKA EAST	Gatuanyaga CBO
138	THIKA WEST	Hope Community Centre (HCC)
139	TIGANIA	Tigania Cultural Development Association
140	TINDERET	Youth on the move group 3
141	TRANS MARA	ACK Transmara Rural Development Program
142	TRANS NZOIA EAST	Excellent Program Promotions Services (EPPS)
143	TRANS NZOIA WEST	Save Africa
144	TURKANA CENTRAL	Turkana Livestock Development Organization (TLDO)
145	TURKANA NORTH	APEDI
146	TURKANA SOUTH	Lokichar Livestock Marketing Association
147	VIHIGA	Xposha Self Help Theatre Group
148	WAJIR EAST	Aldef Kenya
149	WAJIR NORTH	Action for Sustainable Change (AFOSC-Kenya)
150	WAJIR SOUTH	Bidii Youth Welfare Organization
151	WAJIR WEST	Rural Education Focus
152	WARENG	Kerio center for community development and human rights
153	WEST POKOT	Yang'at Girl Child Potential Sensitization Group
154	WESTLANDS	Sifa Children Welfare Association
155	YATTA	Matuu Cheda CBO

